THE WATERBURY WATCH.

KEYLESS, RELIABLE, ACCURATE, DURABLE.
Guaranteed for two years.
Repairs never exceed **One Rupee.**
Rs. 8-8. **Rs. 8-8.**
May be obtained from
Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., LIMITED,
or at the Office of the Company,
Medows Street, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,327—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1888.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.

THE OLDEST AND BEST MATURED.
The largest sales in India.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

"Napier Johnstone"—Heart Bottle.. ..
"Carlton," 11 years; Carlton, 5 years. .. } Prices from Rs. 21
"Glentromie" and Andrew Ushers .. .. } Rs. 41
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..
Dublin Whisky Distillery Co.'s, Irish ..
Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	Tuesday.
B.L.	KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	H. Haselwood	...12th June
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th ,,
B. L.	CLYDE	4124	800	W. H. Mudie	....26th ,,
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigaell	..3rd July.
B.L.	GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	.... 10th ,,
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	17th ,,
B.L.	SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	24th ,,
†	SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigbell	31st ,,
B.L.	SHANNON	4189	800	C. R. Edwards	7th Aug.
†	ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	14th ,,
B.L.	THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	.. 21st ,,

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) :—
June 15th & 29th and July 13th and 27th.
And fortnightly thereafter.
For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 28th May, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 310, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th June	10th August.
D. BALDIUNO	3000	800	10th July	1st Sept.
MANILLA	5,000	800	1st Aug	20th Sept.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	on the 23rd June 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
BERENICE	E. Perini	3,500	550	7th June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates includes Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MEDUSA	A. Sbutega	3,500	550	14th June. 1888.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
O. VON HOFFER.
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 2nd May, 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessel.	Commander.	Ton.	H.P.	To Sail.
CALIFORNIA.	T. Garvie	3416	480	8th June.
ROUMANIA	C. H. Hillcoat	3187	480	30th ,,

BOMBAY TO LONDON.

VICTORIA	W. Russell	3357	480	21st June

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 22nd May, 1888. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail. about
S.S. KIRBY HALL	G. Pearse	2,700	300	10th July
S.S. ASTON HALL	J. A. Hill	3,600	400	21st July
S.S. EDEN HALL	T. H. S. Millard	3,600	400	5th Sept.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

		about
S.S EDEN HALL	T. H. S. Millard.	3800 400 ,, 13th June
S.S. MERTON HALL	J. Hughes	4,100 500 ,, 26th June
S.S. MEPHLEY HALL	A Buck	3,500 400 ,, 15th July
S.S. WERNETH HALL	W Boulton	4,100 500 ,, 5th Aug.

These Steamers have accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.
For further particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 2nd June, 1888.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

CLAN SINCLAIR 3,000 tons, Commander J. R. Kewley, on or about 14th June.

THIS STEAMER is fitted with every requisite for the comfort of Passengers. The saloon and cabins are all on the upper Deck. Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
For particulars as to cabin, plans, passage money, &c., apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-8; postage, anna 1.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at noon.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "SATARA," 1,301 tons (at 11 a.m., on 11th June, after arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "MALDA," 1,945 tons, on FRIDAY, 8th June, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on MONDAY, 11th June, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about SATURDAY, the 9th June, at noon.

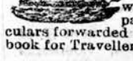
FOR MORMUGAO AND BACK TO BOMBAY, CALLING AT RUTNAGHIRI AND VINGURLA.

THE S.S. "COCONADA," 862 tons, will leave Bombay for Mormugao every WEDNESDAY, at noon, and MORMUGAO every SATURDAY, at 7 p.m., or, on arrival of the passenger train, and the s.s. Busheer, 792 tons, will leave the same port every SATURDAY and TUESDAY, respectively.

BOMBAY to MORMUGAO First Class Rs. 15 0
Do. Second Class ,, 7 8
Do. Deck without diet ,, 3 0

Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 6th June, 1888. Agents.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.



PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.
Through Booking *viâ* Japan, America, Australia, &c.
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta : 11, Old Court-House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENAMELLED IRON WARE.
CUPS AND SAUCERS, PLATES, DISHES, PANS, BASINS, SAUCEPANS, KETTLES, GRIDIRONS, &c.
Full details on application to
TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

STANDARD GLASS.

IN publishing the annexed list of Table Glass, we would respectfully draw attention to its excellence of quality and finish :—

		Medium Plain, Best Crystal.		Cut and Etched Circles.		Cut Iced Loops and Balls.	
		Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Beer Tumblers	doz.	7	0	10	8	12	8
Wine Tumblers	,,	...		...		...	
Butter Dish	each	7	0	8	8	10	0
Biscuit Jars	,,	7	12	10	8	...	
Carafe and Tumblers	,,	3	8	4	8	7	4
Celery Vases	,,	7	0	9	8	...	
Champagne Glasses	doz.	10	0	11	8	14	8
,, Tumblers	,,	7	12	8	8	11	0
Claret Glasses	,,	7	0	9	0	13	0
,, Jugs	each	9	8	10	8	13	8
Claret Cup Jug, 1 Pt.	,,	3	8	...		...	
,, 2 ,,	,,	4	8	7	4	...	
,, 3 ,,	,,	5	8	9	0	18	0
,, 4 ,,	,,	7	8	10	8	22	0
Comports 6"	,,	5	8	6	4	...	
,, 7"	,,	6	0	7	4	...	
,, 8"	,,	7	0	8	8	...	
,, 9"	,,	7	8	...		...	
,, 10"	,,	8	8	...		...	
Cream Jugs	,,	3	4	3	0	...	
Custard or Jelly Glass	doz.	7	0	8	8	11	8
Decanters, Quart	each	6	0	7	0	10	0
Pint	,,	4	4	4	8	8	4
Finger Glasses	doz.	14	0	22	0	27	8
Flower Tubes, small	,,	7	0	9	8	...	
,, large	,,	7	8	11	0	13	0
Fruit Dishes 6"	each	7	0	...		...	
,, 8"	,,	9	0	...		...	
,, 10"	,,	11	0	15	0	...	
,, 12"	,,	13	0	18	0	...	
Goblets	doz.	15	0	15	8	26	0
Hock Glasses, Green	,,	12	0	13	8	15	0
,, Ruby	,,	15	0	16	8	...	
Honey or Jam Jars	,,	3	8	5	0	6	12
Ice Plates	,,	13	8	22	0	27	8
Ice Trays 7"	each	4	8	...		...	
Liqueur Glasses, White	doz.	4	12	6	4	10	0
,, Green	,,	9	8	11	0	15	0
Milk Jugs	each	3	8	4	0	...	
Pickle Bottle, small	,,	3	4	3	8	...	
,, large	,,	3	12	4	8	7	4
Port Glasses	doz.	5	0	7	0	11	0
Rummers	,,	13	0	13	0	23	0
Salt Cellars, medium	,,	11	0	16	8	20	0
,, large	,,	16	8	19	8	26	0
Sherry Glasses	,,	5	0	7	0	11	0
Soda Water Tumblers	,,	11	8	16	8	20	0
Spirit Bottles	each	6	0	7	8	8	4
Sugar Basins	,,	4	8	3	8	7	4
,, covered	,,	...		6	4	9	8
Sweetmeat Dishes	,,	2	8	3	0	...	
Tumbler Stands	doz.	9	8	...		...	
Water Jugs	each	6	0	8	0	11	8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,
BEING
REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1854, respectively.
Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

LINOLEUM.

A PERFECT COVERING for FLOORS, most suitable for Tropical Climates. It is cleanly, durable, cool, does not harbour dust or insects, and is most effective in appearance.

	Rs.	a.
No. 1, Plain Red Granite Stone, very stout, suitable for Offices, per square yard	4	4
No. 2, Handsome, subdued true Arabic pattern, per square yard	4	4
No. 3, Parquet Pattern, neat and cool looking, per square yard	4	4
No. 4, China Matting Pattern, coloured design, per square yard	3	8
No. 5, Tesselated Pattern, subdued tints, per square yard	3	8
No. 6, Tesselated Pattern, warm tints, per square yard	3	8
No. 7, Plain Buff (border stocked for this), per square yard	3	0
No. 8, Plain Buff (border stocked for this), per square yard, extra stout	3	8

All the above are 6 feet wide, and not less than four square yards. Can be cut. For large surfaces special quotations.

No. 9, Stair Cloth, Buff ground, with classic border, 4ft. 4in. wide, suitable for passages, &c., per linear yard	4	4
No. 10, Stair Cloth, Buff ground, with fancy flower border, 4ft. 4in. wide, per linear yard	4	4

N.B.—SAMPLES OF ABOVE FURNISHED.

No. 11, Border 6in. wide, Classic Pattern, suitable for plain Patterns No. 7 and 8, per linear foot	0	12
No. 12, Border 9in. wide, Arabic Pattern to match No. 2, and suitable for plain Patterns 7 and 8, per linear foot	1	0

MATS, Assorted Patterns, 36in. by 24in. each Rs. 4 ; 54in. by 36in., each Rs. 7-8.
Cement for fixing .....Rs. 1-6 per tin.
Reviver ..... ,, 1-6 ,,
Knives for Cutting ..... ,, 1-6 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES.

450	Bore Sporting, 9 Shots	Rs. 100.
500	,, Express, 5 Do.	Rs. 150.; plain quality, Rs. 110
450	,, Single Express (taking 125 grains powder)	Rs. 65.
500	,, Do.	Rs. 65.

AMMUNITION AND RE-LOADING TOOLS FOR ABOVE KEPT IN STOCK.

Apply to
KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

THE COMING MONSOON.

WE beg to announce the ARRIVAL of our MONSOON WATERPROOF CLOTHING, &c., &c., as under :—

Regulation Cavalry Cloaks in accordance with War Office General Order No. 28, the Seams SEWN and TAPED.

Fawn, Blue, and Brown Twill Chesterfields, Velvet Collars, Superior Article, Warranted Waterproof.

White Reversible Coats, Waterproof Sheeting, Gig Aprons (Black Lined Tartans) Ground Sheets.

Regulation Waterproof Wolseley Valise (Valise and Bed combined.)

OFFICERS' CAMPAIGNING BAGS, DRAB DRIVING APRONS, LADIES' WATERPROOF CLOAKS.

The Battenberg Reversible Mantle, with Hood, and Registered Arm hole, very stylish, in Black, Blue, Grey, and Checks.

The Marchioness Inverness Cape with Pockets, a thoroughly Waterproof, and very stylish Garment, in the above shades and neat checks.

LADIES' AND GENTS' SILK & ALPACCA UMBRELLAS.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,

TWO MINUTES FROM APOLLO BUNDER,

FORT, BOMBAY.

A FINE SPACIOUS VERANDAH placed all round the Building, and this addition has been so planned as to give privacy so inadequately attained in most Hotels with added comfort to Visitors and Residents.

Passengers at Church Gate and Victoria Stations met by Hotel Servants.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD

LACE BROOCHES.—Many light, delicate, fanciful variations on the homely theme of the pin, hearts, and darts, transfixed insects, arrows, horse shoes, tennis bats, swallows, lizards, sprays, &c., Rs. 12 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

GEM RINGS.—A choice and extensive assortment, Diamond Rings, for ladies or gentlemen, Half Hoop, Solitaire, Marquise, or Cluster, at prices varying according to weight and quality. A beautiful collection of Ruby and Diamond rings, Rs. 60 to 1,000, carefully selected and artistically set hoops and clusters of Diamonds in combination with Emeralds, Sapphires, Opals, Pearls, & Turquoise.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

PORTE BONHEUR BANGLES.—Gold with small jewelled Horseshoe, Rs. 50; gold with Diamond Duck, Rs. 45; without gems, various patterns, Rs. 32 to 80.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CEDAR PENCILHOLDERS.—Gold, Rs. 34; Silver, Rs. 8.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

CUCKOO CLOCKS.—With spring movements, Rs. 70 to 90.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES.—Matched to a nicety.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SOLID SILVER PLATE.—Presentation articles, such as Cups, Tankards, Salvers, Breakfast, and Tea Services, Inkstands, Cigar and Cigarette cases, Fish Servers, Napkin Rings, &c.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

BINOCULAR FIELD GLASSES.—A good plain glass, height 5½ in. Diameter of object lens 2½ in. Black japanned and Morocco. In solid black leather case with shoulderstrap, Rs. 45.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE ROVER SAFETY BICYCLE.—Weldless Steel Tube framework; Ball bearings to both wheels and crankshaft; hollow forks; adjustable patent spring; new patent Chain; best red rubber tires; adjustable step and footrest; Lamplugh and Brown's patent saddle; enamelled black; all bright parts nickelled; front wheel, 32 in. to 36 in., hind wheel 30 in., geared up to any height desired, Rs. 320.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE SYMPHONIUM.—14 in. square, 7¼ high, with 12 music discs, Rs. 110.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

THE AUTOMATIC WATCH.—Indicates the progress of time by automatic changes of figures instead of by the movement of hands. Nickel, Rs. 45; Silver, Rs. 80, 85; gold, Rs. 225, 275.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Rs. 780.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE STEAM-HAMMER CLOCK.—The movements of the vertical Pendulum represent the action of a steam-hammer and the illusion is rendered complete by the reproduction of the entire machine in an elegant combination of nickelled and gilt bronze: on stand with glass dome, Rs. 220.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

THE CAMPAIGN WATCH, strong, accurate, reliable, full value. Nickel, Rs. 35; Silver, Rs. 50.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES in Electroplated-ware designed for presentation, a truly magnificent assortment now on view.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

POCKET MOUNTAIN ANEROIDS.—Cased in silver, indicate the altitudes attained in ascending mountains up to 20,000 feet, Rs. 80.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

18-CT GOLD TASSELLED CHAINS FOR LADIES.—A large number of new patterns for selection, each prettier than the other, Rs. 45 to Rs. 120.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SMALL GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES.—Elegantly cased and ornamented, Rs. 50 to Rs. 250.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

DIAMOND BOUTON EARRINGS, set with perfectly matched brilliants of the purest water, Rs. 250 to Rs. 1,000.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER CHRISTENING MUGS.—Elaborately decorated with a plain panel left for inscription, in cases, Rs. 40 to 60.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

SILVER PAPER-CUTTER and BOOKMARK, with or without pencil case, an attractive and useful little gift, at Rs. 4 and Rs. 6.—MARCKS & Co., Ld.

INDESTRUCTIBLE THIMBLES, with steel or stone tops and ornamental borders, partially gilt, Re. 1-8 to Rs. 4.—MARCKS and Co., Ld.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.

WATCH MANUFACTURERS
AND
WHOLESALE WATCH SUPPLIERS
OFFER NOW THE WHOLE STOCK OF THEIR
NON-KEYLESS WATCHES
REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT.

N.B.—At a Meeting of the Directors of the above Company, on the 22nd March, it was resolved that the stock of their Key-winding Gold and Silver Watches should be offered to the Public at a reduction of 20 per cent. with the exception of their McCabe's Gold Watches, on which they allow 10 per cent. only.

This concession will, no doubt, induce intending Purchasers to obtain a good Watch at a very low price.

To Mofussil Constituents—we shall be glad to send a few Watches to select from on being informed of the approximate value.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PIANOFORTES

SCHIEDMAYERS. | ROENISCH.
COLLARD AND COLLARD. | PLEYEL AND WOLFF.
AND OTHER FIRST-CLASS MAKERS.

AMERICAN ORGANS.
HARMONIUMS.
EVERY KIND OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
THE LARGEST STOCK IN INDIA.

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS FREE BY POST.

SOUNDY & Co., LD., BOMBAY.

HOMEWARD BOUND.

TEAS, very choice, Indian, for friends at Home.
CHEROOTS, finest qualities, for self and friends.
CHUTNIES, much appreciated at Home.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

P. VUCCINO,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY

from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

MEADOW STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES AND CURIOSITIES.

A SELECT LOT of IVORY NISHKIS just to hand, beautifully and quaintly carved.

Also a large and splendid selection of Japanese and Chinese Artistic ware always on hand for inspection at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh goods.

Just unpacked Fresh Dry Ginger in Crystallized Sugar in two lb. tins, very nice and palatable.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,
CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SARSAPARILLA.

WILKINSON'S Essence or Fluid Extract of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the only preparation recognised by the Faculty as a wonderful Purifier of the Human Blood.

Those suffering from the effects of Tropical Climates, such as Torpid Liver, Attenuation of Body, Eruptions, Debility, Lassitude, &c., &c., will by taking this Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla, soon find relief and, ultimately, a cure.

It is asserted on *reliable* authority that by taking a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.

"We recommend your RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA."—MEDICAL REVIEW.

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—SIR R. MARTIN.

The late Lord Clyde, writing for WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, says, "I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts, from anxiety and fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other remedies failed."—EARL OF ALDBOROUGH.

CAUTION—See that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark, AT THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE.

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The ADJOURNED SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on THURSDAY, the 7th instant, at 3 p.m.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation ; & Secy.. Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 6th June, 1888.

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TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS over.....£1,600,000

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in Bombay and up-country issued, on behalf of the above Company at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom all particulars may be obtained.

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Fire Premiums for 1862.....£300,690
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" 1886.....£955,039

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NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.

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AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY.

FOR

1888.

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INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

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NOTICES.

MR. WILLIAM MOSSE MACDONALD was ADMITTED a PARTNER in our Firm on the 1st of January last.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co.

Bombay, 30th May, 1888.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THOS. COCK and SON, Tourist and General Passenger Agents, have REMOVED to spacious offices above Messrs. Hoar and Co., Rampart Row, where a Reading and Waiting-Room supplied with the leading local and up-country Newspapers, the English Illustrated papers, latest telegrams, &c., has been opened for the use of persons travelling under their arrangements.

BAPTY BROTHERS, Limited.

NOTICE.

THE ADJOURNED EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office, Falkland Road, Byculla, on THURSDAY next, the 7th inst., at 5-30 p.m.

NARAYEN RANGOBA,
Acting Manager.

Bombay, 5th June, 1888.

THE BOMBAY SAW MILLS COMPANY, Limited.

IN accordance with previous advertisements Notice is hereby given that the latest date appointed for receiving Tenders for the purchase of the Bombay Saw Mills Company's property at Tank Bunder, has been fixed for 1 p.m. (gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 20th June, instant.

Tenders to be addressed to
The TRUSTEES for the Debenture Holders and Liquidators of

The BOMBAY SAW MILLS CO., Ld.,
care of Ewart. Latham and Co.,
3, Tamarind Lane.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had on application to the abovenamed.

Bombay, 1st June, 1888.

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GUARANTEED.—Double the circulation of any other paper in the province.

☞ Under special arrangements the "Rangoon Gazette" is the only paper to which ALL Government advertisements and new rules and regulations affecting the province, as well as most Municipal advertisements and proceedings, are sent for publication.

NOTICE.

TO COMMANDERS OF VESSELS IN PORT.

COMMANDERS of Vessels in Port are WARNED of the BAD WEATHER which generally accompanies the setting in of the South-West Monsoon, and are directed from and after the date hereof, to have their vessels prepared.

Special care is to be taken to keep the Hawse clear, and the Cables ready for veering. Cargo Boats should not be allowed to hang astern or alongside at night, or when there are indications of bad weather approaching.

The Commercial Code (including the Day and Night Storm Warning Signals) will be used at the Castle Flag Staff for communicating with the shipping, and signal should receive immediate attention.

HENRY MORLAND, Kt., Captain I. M.,
Port Officer of Bombay.

Bombay, 4th June, 1888.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

CLOSING OF THE BYCULLA GOODS STATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the end of June next, the present arrangements for receipt and despatch of Goods at, and from, the Byculla Station will CEASE.

2. Passengers, Luggage, Parcels, Horses, Carriages, and all articles carried at Passenger Coaching rates will be booked to, and from, the Byculla Station as at present.

3. All articles booked as Goods at Goods Train rates, including Grass, Hay, &c., will be received at, and despatched from, the Bombay Waree Bunder Goods Depot as heretofore.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the First of May, 1888.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

REDUCTION IN CHARGES FOR EXCESS LUGGAGE OF PASSENGERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the first of July next, the present rate of two pies per maund per mile for Luggage of Passengers in excess of the quantity allowed free will be reduced to one and a half pies per maund per mile.

The quantity allowed free will remain as at present, namely :—

For each Passenger { First Class.....One maund and twenty seers. / Second Class ...Thirty seers. / Third Class .....Ten seers.

Children of more than three and less than twelve years of age who travel at half fares are allowed half the quantities named above. No Luggage is allowed free for Children of less than three years of age who travel free.

All the rules as to free and excess Luggage remain unaltered.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the Twenty-second of May, 1888.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

BROKEN CASTINGS.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m., Gunfire, on FRIDAY, the 8th instant, offers for the purchase of any quantity of the following Broken Castings, up to an aggregate of

500 tons Cast Iron Chairs.
400 Do. do. Pot Sleepers.

Weighed over and delivered on the spot.

Cash to be paid on acceptance of Tender.

The material to be removed within one month, failing which, ground rent at the rate of Re. 1 per square yard per month will be charged, the Company reserving the right to sell at the risk and expense of the Purchaser any material not removed at the expiration of two months from date of purchase.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made on the Company's form, and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 10 per ton up to a maximum of Rs. 500.

The material is lying at Wari Bunder, Mazagon, and can be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent ; and Forms of Tender obtained from the undersigned.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Stoorekeeper.

Stoorkeeper's Office, Parel, 4th June, 1888.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS in DUPLICATE will be received by the Ordnance Officer, Madras, up to 26th June, 1888, and OPENED at 12 noon,on the 27th June, 1888,for SUPPLY of undermentioned Stores (more or less) to the Madras Arsenal, as required.

Cloth Tent, White	Yds.	17,118
" " Blue	"	20,573
" " White (Gurrah)	"	11,765
" " Yellow (Gurrah)	"	17,620

Offers will be received for the supply of both hand-made and machine-made cloth.

The term "more" to include Supply of stores, if required, up to 25 per cent. in excess or original tenders.

List of stores can be obtained on application to the Ordnance Officer, Madras. Tenders will only be received on printed forms procurable at 5 annas in the office of the Ordnance Officer, Madras.

Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 5 per cent. in bank receipt as earnest money, which will be returned on execution of the contract deed or rejection of the tenders. Forms should be properly filled in and signed.

Tenderers not complying with the above conditions will be rejected ; the accepted Tenderer must execute an agreement in the event of his failing to take it up, his earnest money will be forfeited.

On failure of contract it shall be competent for the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Madras, to confiscate the whole or any part of the Security deposit to Government at his own discretion.

Parties tendering are requested to give their address in full.

The rates are required for the articles delivered at Madras.

J. C. FISHER,
Lieut.-Col. R.A.,
Ordnance Officer in charge.

Arsenal, Madras, 31st May, 1888.

HISTORY

OF

THE PARSIS

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION

BY

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A NEW MEDICAL WORK ON MARRIAGE. By a Physician of many years practice. A practical guide to young men before entering the wedded state; with plain instructions for the speedy removal of all disqualifications and impediments which too often debar happiness therein.—Lawes Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W. C.

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IMPERIAL TREASURY, ROSE REP—Albert size, extra double thick.....	8 0	per ream.
Do. do. do. Blue...	8 0	"
IMPERIAL TREASURY, VELLUM REP—extra double thick, octavo	8 0	"
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THE "CASTLE"—Double thick, cream laid, octavo	5 8	"
SUPER CREAM LAID—Double thick, large 8vo.....	5 8	"
THICK SATIN SUPERFINE CREAM LAID—Albert size	3 0	"
BANK LARGE POST, Cream wove, very tough and good Post paper	2 8	"
Ditto.—Azure wove ditto.	2 8	"
"RELIANCE" Note-paper, Superfine, Cream laid, extra good quality.....	2 8	"
SUPERFINE CREAM Note-paper, "S. D. 5."	2 0	"

All the above are in four packets of five quires each, which may be had singly.

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IMPERIAL TREASURY, ROSE REP, to match "Albert"	1 4	per 100
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IMPERIAL TREASURY, Vellum Rep, to match "Albert" note-paper of same quality	1 4	"
"VELLUM," strong, thick, unglazed, to match Imperial Vellum note-paper	2 2	per 250
COMMERCIAL BANK.—Large size envelope, as good as hand made, to match Bank Large Post, cream	4 12	per 1,000
MOTTLED GREY.—Same quality as above—beautifully finished	4 8	"
'MAGIC," Quality 11B, large size to hold a Post Note-paper	4	"
RAILWAY BUFF.....	2 0	"
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SPECIAL," No. 7, larger size, than the above.....	1 12	"
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SQUARE No. 2.—Same size as above, but a little thinner	1 8	per 250
'GLOBE, O," extra large square Envelope	1 4	"
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Price, Rs. 2, or interleaved for M. S. additions, Rs. 2-8. Postage, 2 annas extra.

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NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age ; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life ; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT of an Endowment, a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

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AS TO THE COST OF

A Sum to be received at a specified age

(or at Death, if previous),
with the ALTERNATIVE of
A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the _____ Day of _____ 18__ what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. _____ to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner ?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if taen desired, in exchange for the above sum ?

Name _____
Address _____
Occupation _____
_____ 188

Full Particulars on Application, and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

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INCREASE OF FUNDS.	1885.	1886.
Income	£1,479,518	£1,515,165
General Reserve and Fire Re-Insurance Funds	£1,850,000	£1,870,000
Life and Annuity Funds	£3,698,612	£3,807,579
Total Invested Funds	£7,072,140	£7,324,034

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No. 17—VETERINARY CHEST, a case of medicines adapted to Harry Gooday's "Text Book of Veterinary Practice" for the Treatment of the Horse, Dog, &c., containing a selection of the principal remedies, twenty-four in number, in half ounce bottles. Price Rs. 20.

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ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

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WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the Undersigned :—

Duc de Montebello Champagne, Qts...Rs. 28 per doz.
do. do. Pints...Rs. 40 per case of 2 dozen.

FROM BRUDER KLEINOSCHEG, GRAZ.

Extra dry Pale Styrian Champagne...qts. Rs. 30 per doz.
Dry Burgundy Red Champagne.....qts. Rs. 30 do.
Dry Pale Muscat Champagne .....qts. Rs. 30 do.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.

CHAMPAGNES AND HOCKS,

SPECIALLY SELECTED AND SHIPPED BY MESSRS. BLANDY BROS. & Co., OF LONDON.

HAMPAGNES—HENRIOT & CO.'S BRAND—

	Per doz. qts.
DRY SILLERY .....Silver Foil	Rs. 42
DRY CARTE BLANCHE.....Gold Foil	" 47
DRY SOUVERAIN .....Gold Foil	" 60
DRY LE PREMIER, EXTRA SEC. 84's.....Gold Foil	" 60
HOCKS—MEYER & COBLENZ'S BRAND—NIERSTEINER, 1874	" 19
HOCHHEIMER, 1878	" 22
SUPERIOR SPARKLING HOCK, 111 QUALITY, GREEN LABEL.....	" 37
Ditto 1 ditto WHITE LABEL	" 48

Pints, Rs. 2 Extra per Case of 2 dozen.
Subject to 5 per cent. Discount for Cash.
SPECIAL TERMS TO MESSES, CLUBS, &c.

R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,

APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE, 30 MORTGAGE DEBENTURES of Rs. 1,000 each of the BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited, re-payable in 1894, and bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum. For particulars apply to BANK of BOMBAY, by whom tenders will be received.

Bombay, 14th May, 1888.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
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PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
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PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPILES of every description procured.

Terms and particulars upon application.

London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &c.

DR. DE ROOS'

COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally.

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific ; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages 1s., 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s.

DR. DE ROOS'

PILULÆ VITÆ, OR

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

Are the most wonderful Pills in the World for all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. They do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harrassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy ; and being prepared solely from the Vegetable Kingdom, may be taken with the utmost safety by the most delicate of either sex.

Those who are subject to occasional a tacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them ; an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two which, if allowed to run its course for a few days would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d. 2s. 9d and 4s. 6d.

Every package of Dr. De Roos' preparations bears the British Government Stamp with the words—"WALTER DE ROOS, London," in White Letters on a Red Ground, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, without which none can possibly be genuine. DR. DE ROOS world-famed medicines may be obtained of all the principal Merchants in India.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports imports, and other commercial news. Subscription, Rs. 10 per year.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£800,000

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52 THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.

RESERVE FUND—£200,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected ; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

IN USE 100 YEARS.

SKIN DISEASES.

Are of two kinds : firstly, those which are only skin deep (which are not now to be considered) ; secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Skin diseases shows itself in the HEAD, sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS, by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the HANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures which, if healed for a few days, speedily open again, or by horny-looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. And on the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid of a very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve Itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.

Both these requirements are supplied by

Dr. Roberts' Celebrated Medicines,

The OINTMENT called

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

And the

ALTERATIVE PILLS,

Called "PILULÆ ANTISCROFULÆ."

These Two Medicines have now stood the test of 100 years trial, having been introduced to the public in the latter part of the

last century.

They may be obtained of all Chemists, or of the Proprietors

BEACH & BARNICOTT, BRIDPORT, DORSET.

Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s. and 22s. each. *Postage extra.*

MOTHERS, SAVE MONEY

IN DRESSING Y

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Coconada (s), for Marmagoa ; Algoma (s), Havre. To-day :—Berenice (s), for Trieste ; and Flambro (s), St. Nazaire.

A NATIVE PLAY.—We may call attention to an advertisement in another column announcing a native performance to be held to night at the Novelty Theatre, by the Ripon Music Club, in aid of the Parsee Lying-in Asylum.

THE POONA SEASON.—A correspondent from Mahableshwar informs the *Deccan Herald* that most of the visitors, including the Rajas, have left the hill. The Hon'ble Mr. Richey was expected to arrive in Poona yesterday ; Lady Reay and Mr. and Mrs. Lee-Warner on the 8th ; T. R. H. the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and Mr. Nugent on the 11th ; and H. E. the Governor, on the 18th instant.

THE STANLEY COMPANY'S FAREWELL PERFORMANCE.—A crowded house bade farewell to Mr. Stanley's Company on Tuesday night. A varied programme was arranged to be gone through, but owing to some mismanagement half-a-dozen items down for the evening were omitted. The performance took the form of a minstrel entertainment. Character songs and dances, concluding with acrobatic performances and a character sketch, were given. Mr. Rolland's display of skill on the slack wire was much applauded, as also were the acrobatic feats of the young Stanley boys. The company stay in Poona for five weeks and will perform in Bombay again before leaving for Australia.

STEALING A COW.—Inspector McCormack yesterday charged Narayen Arjoon, before Mr Hamilton, with stealing a cow, valued at Rs. 25. The owner of the cow, a Banis, stated that he kept it near his house, in a lane in Vithalwadi On Tuesday morning he missed the animal, and after vainly searching for it, thinking it had broken loose and gone astray, reported his loss to the police. The cow was found in Thakordwar in the possession of accused, who in defence averred that he bought the cow for Rs. 15 out of pity from a butcher who was taking it to the slaughter-house. He called no witnesses to prove this statement however, and on admitting four previous convictions, was sentenced to six months' hard labour.

FIRE.—On Tuesday night, at about 11 o'clock, a fire broke out in a cattle shed belonging to Messrs. Mhowjee Dhunjee and Laljee Bamjee, situated at Chinch Bunder Road. The whole shed was completely burnt down in a few minutes. The steam fire-engines from Byculla, Pydownee and the Fort, repaired to the scene immediately, but the Byculla fire-engine only was set to work to extinguish the flames. There was a speedy and good supply of water. The origin of the fire is attributed to the sudden explosion of a kerosine oil lamp, and the damage is estimated at Rs. 300.

THE FATAL ASSAULT.—The adjourned inquest was resumed yesterday by the coroner at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital into the circumstances connected with the death of Savitree, the wife of a labourer, named Gainoo Wittoo, living at Funneswady. Two other persons, who witnessed the assault, were examined. The medical evidence went to show that death was due to fracture of the skull. The jury thereupon returned a verdict that death was the result of blows inflicted upon her with a stick by Gainoo Wittoo under such circumstances, that the act of Gainoo Wittoo was culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

A PICK-POCKET.—Ahmedally Sumsherkhan was yesterday charged before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing a purse, containing Rs. 13-15-3, of Govind Narayen, at the Churney Road Railway station, on Monday evening last. The complainant said he is a school master, and lived at Pareil. On Monday evening, at about half-past seven o'clock, whilst entering a third class carriage at Churney Road he missed his purse. Accused who was standing close by was taxed with the theft, who denied it, and got into the carriage with him. Whilst in the train complainant again taxed him with taking his purse, when accused stood up and took off his bundle and shook it out of the window, protesting his innocence. At that moment complainant heard something fall out of the carriage jingling like rupees. Complainant on the arrival of the train at Grant Road, made him over to the police, and immediately after, he, a Parsee passenger, named Hormusjee Merwanjee, who witnessed the whole transaction, and the Railway policeman walked back on the line to the Churney Road Station, where they found the purse with some of the rupees lying on the side of the rails within the fences. This statement was corroborated by Hormusjee Merwanjee. The accused was convicted and sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

MESSRS. COOK & SON'S NEW OFFICE.—With reference to the advertisement appearing in another paper intimating that Messrs. Cook and Son have removed into new offices the *Travellers' Gazette*, published under their auspices, says.—"The growth of our system of Travelling Tickets has been so great during the past few years, that it now embraces nearly the whole word in the sphere of its operations. Our arrangements were introduced into India in 1880, when an office was first opened in Bombay, and tourists and travellers generally were not slow to appreciate the benefits of a system which had been in successful operation for many years in Europe and America. The business developed so rapidly that in four years we were compelled to remove to larger and more suitable premises in Rampart Row. For some time the new offices were sufficient for the exigencies of the business, but as the benefits of our travelling arrangements became more widely known, we had again to face the problem of providing increased accommodation. This problem we have now satisfactorily solved by taking new offices, from the 1st June, above Messrs. Hoar and Company, in Rampart Row, opposite the Esplanade Hotel, in close proximity to the Apollo Bunder, Post, and Telegraph Offices, and only a few yards from the premises we have just vacated. A leading feature of the present offices is a Reading and Waiting-room, where travellers passing through Bombay may see the latest telegrams, the leading local and up-country newspapers, and the illustrated English newspapers. Travellers holding our tickets may also have their correspondence addressed to our care, and facilities will be afforded them for writing and despatching their letters. We hope that these arrangements for the convenience and comfort of travellers will be appreciated, and that we shall continued to receive the support and co-operation which has been accorded to us in India during the last seven years.

DARING THEFT OF A RING FROM MESSRS. TREACHER and Co.—At the Fort Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, Inspector George charged Baboo Hurdoilal Salagram, a Mooltani, with stealing a diamond ring, valued at Rs. 220, the property of Messrs. Treacher and Co., and Peerlal Shiblal with abetting. On the 21st ultimo, the Mooltani entered Messrs. Treacher and Company's shop in the afternoon, and asked to see some rings. Mr. Jenkins, an assistant, opened a show case, and showed the man several valuable rings. As Mr. Jenkins could not speak the language a Portugese assistant acted as interpreter and answered the accused, who asked the prices of several rings and whether discount would be given. He appeared to complain against the prices and, without purchasing anything, left the shop. Mr. Jenkins replaced the rings in their case, but Mr. Hillingsworth, who is in charge of the jewellery department, discovered shortly afterwards that one diamond ring was missing, and after making vain inquiries and a search for it, suspected the prisoner. A report was made to the police and a description was given of the man, who was arrested two days afterwards at Messrs. Morenas' shop, where he was seen by a sepoy and recognised. A search was made in his house and an ordinary receipt was found for a parcel despatched to Agra. Instructions were immediately wired to the District Superintendent of Police there to take possession of the parcel, and acting on those instructions the police discovered another parcel directed to the same person. Both parcels were taken possession of, and on being opened in court yesterday, one was found to contain the ring missed from Messrs. Treacher's shop, while the other also contained a gold ring, which is suspected to have been stolen, Owing to the disclosures made by the Mooltani prisoner the second man was arrested, but as nothing was discovered against him he was discharged. Prisoner, on being charged, pleaded not guilty, and denied having had anything to do with either of the parcels. He was however sentenced to eighteen months' hard labour.

IT is said that M. de Lesseps has spent on advertisements for pushing his various schemes over one million pounds a year. Most of this is paid to Paris papers. The *Figaro* receives about £25,000 every year, the *Gaulois* much the same amount, the *Matin* £10,000, while the *Petit Journal* is yearly paid £50,000.

CRICKET AT SURAT.

A CRICKET-MATCH was played at Surat, on the 29th ultimo, between the Navsari Parsi Cricket Club and the Surat High School Cricket Club, which resulted in favour of the former by six wickets and one run. The scores were as follows :—

NAVSARI PARSI CRICKET CLUB.

First Innings.		Second Innings	
A Desai, b Bhogilal	1	not out	1
R Dordi, c out b Bhogilal	0	to bat	
Jalbhai, c out b Rubin	25	b Rubin	7
Dh Desai, b Rubin	4	not out	5
N Printer, b Bhogilal	3	b Ratan	2
K Dastur, b Bhogilal	0	to bat	
F Garda, b Bhogilal	36	b Ratan Master	0
N Tamboli, c out b Rubin	4	b Rubin	2
R Necu, b Rubin	5	to bat	
E Dastur, b Gatty	0	to bat	
S F Tamboli, not out	1	to bat	
	79		17
Byes 9, leg-byes 2, wides 1	12	Wide 1, byes 2	3
Total	91	Total	20

SURAT HIGH SCHOOL CRICKET CLUB.

First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Janardhan, b Jalbhai	2	J Hodivala, b Jalbhai	0
A Green, b Jalbhai	16	l-b-w b N Tamboli	13
J Kapadia, b Jalbhai	7	l-b-w b Printer	2
S Rubin, l-b-w b Printer	15	b Printer	25
R Master, hit wicket b Jalbhai	1	c out b N. Tamboli	0
E Vaklina, b Jalbhai	0	b Printer	2
Bhogilal, run out b Jalbhai	1	b Printer	0
Meherji, b Jalbhai	0	b Printer	1
B Bharucha, c out b Jalbhai	3	c out b Jalbhai	3
D D Gatty, not out	3	b Printer	2
Marzban, run out b Jalbhai	1	not out	2
	49		50
Byes 1, w balls 2, leg byes 2	5	wide balls 4, byes 2	6
Total	54	Total	56

RAO SAHIB VISHWANATH NARAYEN MANDLIK, C.S.I.; TESTIMONIAL FUND.

The following is a list of subscriptions to this fund :—

	Rs.
The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw M Petit, Kt	500
Messrs Vurjeevandass and Nurotumdass Madowdass	500
Mr Becherdas Ambaidas	500
Mr Mooljee Jaitha	500
Mr Chuturbhoj Morarjee	400
Mr Damoder Thakersee Mooljee	400
Mr Khimjee Jeewa	400
Mr Dhurumsee Morarjee Goculdass	400
Mr Gordhandas Khatau Mackonjee	400
Mr Noormahomed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy	300
Mr Ellapa Ballaram	300
Mr Asser Veerjee	300
Messrs Nusserwanjee Manekjee Petit and Jamsetjee N Petit	250
Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim	200
Mr Vundravandass Pursotum	200
Mr Sorabjee Framjee Patell	200
Mr Jairam Narronjee	200
Mr Ramjee Madowjee	200
Mr Lilladhar Shamjee	151
Mr Vussonjee Heerjee	151
Mr Framjee Dinshaw Petit	150
Messrs Tapidas Vurjdass and Co	150
Messrs Munjee Nuraee & Vussonjee Munjee	150
Messrs Shamjee Ludha and Co	125
Mr Rehemoobhoy Allana	125
Mr Dhurumsee Naronjee Gulalchund	125
Mr Ebhrahim Hassun	125
Mr Framjee Nusserwanjee Patell	125
Sir Mangaldass Nuthoobhoy, Kt, CSI	100
Bomonjee Dinshaw Petit	100
Messrs Nanseebhoy and Rehemtoolla Khairaj	100
Mr Balcrishna Syanee	100
Mr Panalal Poonumchund	100
Mr Muncherjee N Banajee	100
Mr Madowdass Goculdas Pasta	100
Mr Nagerdas Sobhagdass	100
Mr Jugmohundas Vundravandass Jumnadass	100
Mr Sumbhoopersad Becherdass Ambaidas	100
Mr Goculdass Dewjee	100
Mr Govindjee Hunsraj	100
Messrs Khimjee Luckmidass & Co	101
Mr amdass Morarjee	100
Mr Sawlal Motilal	100
Mr Nowrojee N Wadia	100
Mr Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama	100
The Hon'ble Nanabhoy Haridass	100
Surgeon K R Kitikar	100
Mr Balcrishna Bhimaijee	100
Messrs Hajeebhoy Laljee, Abdoola Laljee, and Jumoobhoy Laljee	75
Mr Bhai Jeewanjee	50
Mr Gunputrao Moroba Pitale	50
Mr D A Gurade	50
Mr Nanabhoy B Jeejeebhoy	50
Messrs Hurgowan and Purbhoodass Jeewan	50
The Hon'ble R West, M A	50
Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Bart, CSI	50
Mr H W Barrow	50
Mr Kamalsee Premjee	25
Mr K M Heeramaneck	25
Mr Veerchand Deepchund	25
Mr Maneckchund Panachund	25
Mr Nagindass Doolubhram	25
Khan Bahadur Jamsetji Dhunjibhoy Wadia.	25
Mr Cowasji Dinshaw Adenwalla	25
Mr Nanabhoy R Ranina	25
Mr Sorabji Nowroji Cooper	25
Rao Bahadur Vinayaek Vasudewjee	20
Mr Dossabhoy Framji, CSI	20
Mr Heerjee Jehangeer	15
Mr Bhimjee Ramjee	15
Mr Maneckshaw Cawasha Talayarkhan	15
Mr Ardaseer Framji Moos	10
Mr Veerpersad Tapipersad	10
Mr Nosserwanji Kohyarjee	5
Mr Peerozsha Rustomji Mehta	5
Total	Rs. 10,343

THE NATIVE PRESS.

DEATH OF SIR FRANK SOUTER.

THE three Gujerati dailies, in their yesterday's issue, unite in deploring the untimely death of Sir Frank Souter. The *Bombay Samachar* says :—Sir Frank was a very old and experienced officer, and he had so endeared himself to all classes of the community in Bombay that his sudden death will cause deep and widespread regret. During the quarter of a century that he held the responsible and arduous post of Commissioner of Police, many changes, of various degrees of importance, have taken place in the administration of the city, and Sir Frank always moulded his conduct to the circumstances of the times. A man occupying the position of the head of a police force is more likely to incur ill-will than earn popularity, and Sir Frank had in the earlier years of his career, notably during the Mahomedan riots of 1874, acquitted himself in a manner which failed to gain for him universal approbation. But since those days, his uniform courtesy and suavity of disposition made him a great favourite with the public. It is natural that the head of a department should be anxious to uphold the honour and rights of his subordinates. But Sir Frank carried that amiable desire to defend his department to extreme lengths at times. Whatever his shortcomings, there is no doubt that all Bombay will be sincerely sorry for his death.

The *Akbar-i-Soudagar* says that, by the death of Sir Frank, the inhabitants of this city as well as the Government have lost a very valuable officer. The sudden intelligence of his death will sharpen the grief of his numerous friends and of the men of all ranks serving in the police force. He had, as it were, a gift of winning over all who came in contact with him. His constitution was so robust and his health was so good that we were not prepared to hear of his death. As Commissioner of Police he did all he could for the security of the life and property of the population of this city, and if he sometimes incurred the displeasure of certain classes, it was simply the result of an excess of honest zeal.

The *Jam-e-Jamshed* says :—During his long career as head of the Bombay Police there were occasions on which Sir Frank Souter had incurred public displeasure, sometimes justly and sometimes unjustly. But we can safely say this, that on other Commissioner of Police of a large city like Bombay could be more popular with all classes of the public than was Sir Frank Souter. He also took part in the public life of the city, and whatever differences of opinion one might have had with him, every one who came in contact with him was charmed with his frank, genial and kindly disposition. The depth of the popular feeling towards him was proved when he was entertained by the public on his going home on furlough. In Sir Frank Souter Bombay has lost one of its oldest and most experienced citizens. He was uncommonly popular with his subordinates of all grades, who will probably do something to evince the love they have towards their chief.

KEMP & Co.'s EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE imparts unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of Hot Weather. Per Bottle, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Nanabhai Haridas presided at a sitting of the court yesterday, when the following among other matters were heard :—

RE PRAGJI KESOWJI THAKAR.—Mr. Mankar, on behalf of the insolvent, obtained an *interim* order.

RE SORABJI DOSABHOY DALAL AND OTHERS.—Mr. Mankar appeared for the first two insolvents and applied for an extension of time to enable the insolvents to file their schedule. The learned counsel stated that the insolvents had presented a joint petition to the Court, but now the third insolvent refused to file a joint schedule with the other two insolvents. The insolvents traded together in Bombay and Calcutta, but the partners in Calcutta declined to hand over the books to the Official Assignee. It was only at the end of the last month that the books were deposited with the Official Assignee, and it would be some time before the accounts could be made up.

His Lordship granted the extension for one month.

RE SADANAND KRISHNA VELKAR.—On the motion of Mr. Mankar, leave was granted to the insolvent to serve notices on his creditors, and the *interim* order was extended for one month.

RE ISMAEL MOOLA JEEWABHOY.—Mr. Mankar, on behalf of the insolvent, applied for an extension of the *interim* order for six months, but his Lordship extended it for one month only.

RE MANECKJI RATANJI.—On the motion of Mr. Mankar, the usual rule *nisi* was granted to the insolvent.

RE NARAYEN SICAJI.—The insolvent, who was represented by Mr. Mankar, obtained the usual rule *nisi*.

DISCHARGES.—The following insolvents obtained their discharges:—Nuthoo Madhowji Sha, Hasanali Ismaelji Hora, Savalyram Manaji Virbhooty, Kalyanji Anandji Sha, Pestonji Maneckji Ghandhy and others and Chatterbhooj Gordhan Sha.

The petition of Canji Purshotum Kanshra was dismissed for not filing his schedule within the prescribed time.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

AT the second monthly meeting of the Session 1888-89, held in the lower hall of the above Institute, on Tuesday, the 5th instant, there were present:—Colonel G. Merewether, president ; Messrs. C. Chambers, J. P. Cornforth, A. F. Turner, J. Wallace, J. O'Connell, directors ; Mr. G. Puddumjee, honorary treasurer ; and Mr. J. Young, honorary secretary.

The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed, the honorary treasurer's accounts for April were passed, those for May being remitted for the usual audit. Letters were read and recorded, (1) from Mr. H. Solomon, and Mr. R. Frost, intimating their readiness to undertake the audit of the past year's accounts, (2) from Mr. David Gostling having reference to the desirability of certain socialistic works being added to the library, this suggestion being accompanied by a socialistic book as a presentation.

The following quarterly members were elected :—Capt. C. E. Jervois, Mr. C. H. Badham, Mr. A. D. Fordyce, Mr. D. Fraser, Mr. W. Greaves, Mr. H. S. Groves, Mr. A. Jenkins, Mr. R. B. Macanochie, Mr. H. W. Patrick, Mr. J. M. Ryrie, Mr. M. H. Starling, Mr. T. F. W. Wood, Mr. Ardasir K. Vakil, Mr. K. M. Mistri, Mr. Nowrojee M. Doctor, Mrs. Whitehead and Miss E. Parker.

Suggestions, with reference to new books and periodicals, were considered and orders passed thereon.

A technical objection was raised in connection with "The Repairs to Building Accounts," and the honorary secretary was directed to search the records, and to ascertain the precise circumstances under which this account was opened, as also to look up all correspondence which had passed between the Institute and Mr. Murzban relative to repairs, reporting progress in due course.

Other questions were considered, among them being a suggestion that *pankahs* should be erected in the reading-room on account of the heat, and the committee agreed that an estimate of the cost which compliance would entail be obtained and submitted to them at the next meeting.

A vote of thanks to the president terminated the proceedings.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

June 7.—Simla Races.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Concert, Y. M. C. A.
„ 11.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
High Court re-opens.
„ 12.—Departure of M. S. Kaisar-i-Hind.
„ 14.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 18.—Prince of Wales Press Co., 3 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 19.—Departure of M. S. Assam.
„ 20.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
„ 21.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 25.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
„ 26.—Departure of M. S. Clyde.
Badneira Manufacturing Co., 3 p.m.
„ 27.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
„ 28.—Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Coronation Day.
July 3.—Departure of M. S. Siam.
„ 10.—Departure of M. S. Ganges.
„ 24.—Bangalore Races.
„ 26.—Bangalore Races.
„ 28.—Bangalore Races.
„ 31.—Bangalore Races.
Aug. 7.—Poona Sky Races.
„ 9.—Poona Sky Races
„ 14.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 16.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 18.—Lucknow Sky Races.
„ 23.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
„ 24.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
„ 25.—Bombay Presidency Assault-at-Arms.
Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 28.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 30.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
Sept. 1.—Secunderabad Sky Races.
„ 3.—Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition, Poona.
„ 20.—Poona Races.
„ 22.—Poona Races.
„ 25.—Poona Races.
„ 27.—Poona Races.
„ 29.—Poona Races.
Oct. 15.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 17.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 19.—Mysore Sky Races.
„ 30.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
Nov. 1.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 3.—Lucknow Autumn Races.
„ 6.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 8.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 10.—Meerut Autumn Races.
„ 17.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 20.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 22.—Hyderabad Races.
Sonepore Races.
„ 24.—Hyderabad Races.
Dec. 22.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 26.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)
„ 29.—Calcutta Races (First Meeting.)

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The Service in the Prince's Dock will be held on board the s.s. Eden Hall, at 7-30.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 5th June, 1888.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·684
Temperature of the Air	85·2
Wet Bulb Thermometer	79·8
Dew Point	78·1
Relative humidity of Air	·795
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	4·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day.)	90·1
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	81·8
General Directions of Wind.*	SSW, S, SE, S, SSW, WSW, SSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	527
Fall of Rain	0·22
Total for during month	0·23
year	2·20
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 6th	0·01

* From midnight to midnight.

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence, with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Agents, Treacher and Co., Bombay.

THE JUDGE ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

THE following Army Circular, dated May 25th, has been issued :—

The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following changes in the organisation of the Judge Advocate-General's Department in India which have been sanctioned by Her Majesty's Government. The separate departments as hitherto constituted in the three presidencies will be amalgamated into one department for the whole of India under a Judge Advocate-General in India at Army Head-Quarters, who will be the administrative head of the department. The present establishment of officers will be reduced to a total of ten exclusive of one additional as a temporary measure for Burma, and will be organized as under. 1 Judge Advocate-General in India, head-quarters, Simla. 1 Assistant Judge Advocate-General, head-quarters, Simla. 2 Deputy Judge Advocates-General for Bengal, 1 for Madras, and 1 for Bombay. 2 Assistant Judge Advocates-General for Bengal, 1 for Madras, 1 for Bombay, and 1 for Burma (special and temporary).

Bengal will be divided into four circles, and Madras and Bombay into two each, with an additional circle, at present, for Madras (Burma).

The following detail shows the revised distribution of the officers in the several circles and the head-quarters of those circles :—

Judge-Advocate General in India. Salary, Rs 2,000, consolidated.—Lieutenant-Colonel M Clementi, Bengal Staff Corps, Simla, Army Head-quarters. Deputy Judge Advocates-General (4). Staff salary, Rs 500—Lieutenant-Colonel W H Hallett, Madras Staff Corps, Ootacamund, Army Head-quarters and 1st Circle ; Colonel H B Sanderson, Bengal Staff Corps, Allahabad, 6th Circle (Simla, temporarily) ; Colonel R F C A Tytler, Bengal, General List Infantry, Poona, Army Head-quarters, and 2nd Circle ; Colonel C R Mathews, Bengal Staff Corps, Meerut, 5th Circle. Assistant Judge Advocates-General (6). Staff salary, Rs. 40—Lieutenant-Colonel E S Skinner :— Madras Corps, Secunderabad, 8th Circle ; Lieutenant-Colonel R A Prideaux, Bombay, General List Infantry, Karachi, 7th Circle ; Lieutenant-Colonel A Chaplin, Madras General List Infantry, Mandalay, 9th Circle ; W H F Macmullen, Bengal Staff Corps, Rawalpindi, 3rd Circle ; Captain E Balfe, Bombay Staff Corps, Simla. Army headquarters (Allahabad, temporarily) ; Colonel E Shaw, Madras Staff Corps, Meean Meer, 4th Circle.

The Assistant to the Judge Advocate-General at Army head-quarters will draw a salary of Rs. 500.

This revised establishment of the Judge-Advocate-General's Department will have effect from the 1st April, 1888, but the present substantive salaries of the officers remaining in the department will not be affected by the reductions now ordered.

In the presidencies of Madras and Bombay, the Deputy Judge Advocates-General will be the local heads of their departments, and will transact their business personally with the respective Commanders-in-Chief, but will be subordinate to, and when necessary, in direct communication with, the Judge-Advocate-General in India.

Deputy or Assitant Judge Advocates-General will be liable, when necessary, to be transferred from one presidency to another.

ACTING ALLOWANCES.

IT is announced in the *Gazette of India* that the following changes are made in Sections 45 to 47 of the Pay Code :—

45. In the case of progressive appointments, acting allowances are fixed as follows :—

(*a*) An officer whose substantive pay is progressive, and who acts in an office of which the pay is fixed.

In this case the officer's acting allowances will be calculated as if his substantive pay were a fixed one, equal to the amount at which from time to time it stands.

(*b*) An officer whose substantive pay is fixed, and who acts in an office of which the pay is progressive.

In this case the officer's acting allowance will be calculated upon the pay to which he would from time to time have risen if he had held the officiating appointment substantively.

(*c*) An officer whose substantive pay is progressive, and who acts in an office of which the pay is progressive.

In this case the officer will draw—

(1) His substantive pay, with the increments thereof as they fall due.

(2) The acting allowance which he would have drawn if the substantive and officiating appointments were both on fixed pay equal to the minimum : provided that the maximum limit of salary shall be not the said minimum pay of the officiating appointment, but the pay to which the officer would have risen if his officiating tenure had been substantive.

Example (*a*).—An officer who is substantively in the Rs. 170 stage of an appointment of Rs. 150—10—200 is appointed to act in an office of which the pay is Rs. 200—8—240. His salary is thus fixed—

	Rs.
Pay	170
Acting allowance, 1·5 of Rs. 200	40
Total	210

But this is limited the first year to Rs. 200.

Next year he gets pay Rs.180 plus acting allowance, Rs. 40—total Rs. 220. But this is limited for a year to Rs. 208.

Example (*b*).—A Covenanted Civil Servant, substantively in the Rs. 120 stage of an appointment of which the pay is Rs. 1,000—50—1,250, acts in an appointment of Rs. 1,500—50—1,750—His salary is—

	Rs.
Pay	1,200
Acting allowance, ⅓ (Rs. 1,500—1,000)	333⅓
Total	1,533⅓

Limited the first year to Rs. 1,500.

In future years he receives—

Second year—	Rs.
Pay	1,250
Acting allowance	333⅓
Total	1,583⅓

Limited to Rs. 1,550.

In future years he gets Rs. 1,583⅓, which is the limit of salary in this case.

Note—In calculating the salary of an officer in an acting appointment, the whole of the acting tenure, whether continuous or not, is taken into account.

46. If an officer is appointed substantively to a progressive appointment in which he has already officiated, his pay is fixed as follows :—

(1) If the salary which he drew when last officiating is equal to one of the stages of the pay of the appointment, his pay shall be fixed at that stage, and he shall count, in that stage the time during which he has been drawing the said salary.

(2) If the salary which he drew when last officiating is intermediate between two stages, his pay shall be fixed at that amount for half the period during which an increment is earned, and on the first day of the month thereafter succeeding he shall be eligible to the next higher stage of the progressive pay.

Example—An officer is on 20th June substantively appointed to an appointment of which the pay is Rs. 200—10—250, and in which he is already officiating.

(*a*) If this salary at the time of his appointment and from 1st March last has been Rs. 220, he continues to draw Rs. 220, and on 1st March next rises to Rs. 230.

(*b*) If his salary at time of appointment is Rs. 225, he will draw Rs. 225 till 1st January, and then will get Rs. 230.

47. An officer transferred substantively to a progressive appointment from an appointment in which he is drawing pay in excess of the minimum pay of the new appointment will, if the transfer is made by an authority to which both appointments are subordinate, or if the transfer is declared by the Local Government or by a Department of the Government of India to have been made for special reasons and in the interests of the public service, draw the nearest stage, or, if two stages are equally near, then the next higher stage of pay in the new appointment, but will count time for increments as if he had commenced on the minimum pay.

47A. Except as provided in Sections 46 and 47, an officer appointed substantively to an office of which the pay is progressive will begin with the minimum pay.

ACTIVE SERVICE cannot wear out the teeth that are brushed daily with ROWLANDS' ODONTO. All dentists allow that neither washes or pastes are as efficacious for polishing the teeth and keeping them sound and white as a pure and non-gritty tooth-powder ; such ROWLANDS' ODONTO has always proved itself. It whitens the teeth, prevents and arrest decay, strengthens the gums and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath. ROWLANDS' ESSENCE OF TYRE is a harmless preparation for dyeing the hair a permanent brown or black. Ask chemists and stored keepers for ROWLANDS' articles, of 20, Hatton Gardens London, and avoid spurious imitations.

LOCUSTS IN ALGERIA.

SOME wonderful stories were told recently about plague of crickets in Algeria, it being said that they had accumulated to such an extent on the railway as to interfere with traffic. A correspondent of the *St. James's Gazette* now writes that the so-called crickets were actually locusts. She says :—

I have spent at different times five winters in Algeria. In the spring of 1872-73 I first became acquainted with the locust (*sauterelle*). When within a few hours of Algiers, on the return journey by railway from the province of Oran, I exclaimed "A snowstorm!" The air had suddenly become so thick with falling particles, the cloud of locusts which we were passing through was so dense, that, though it was the month of May, my error was for a moment pardonable. These were, however, apparently only the *avant-courriers* of the mighty army which was to follow. Our train arrived in Algiers at its usual time (about ten p. m.) that evening ; but forty-eight hours later, the wheels of the engine and of the railway carriages became so clogged with the bodies of the locusts which encumbered the rails that the train could make but slow progress. The day after our return to Algiers we went to call upon a friend who had a villa on Mustapha Superieure. Our hostess was lamenting the probable arrival of these pets on account of her lovely garden. We were on the point of going out to ascertain whether the air were still clear, when our friend's French servant threw open the door of the room, exclaiming "Miladi, les sauterelles sont arrivees !" Not ten minutes previously there was no sign of them.

The locust springs from one spot to another like the grasshopper ; but it does not resemble ours in form. When the Paris correspondent speaks of grasshoppers having ravaged Algeria last year, he probably means the locust ; and yet he would appear to make a distinction between them, for he states that the *criquets* (as the French call them) are not identical either with locusts or grasshoppers ; the fact being that the insect to which the French have given this name is simply the young locust, an imperfect animal without wings which can only run or crawl.

The home of the locust is in the Sahara. Instinct leads these creatures at certain seasons to fly northwards. When about to lay their eggs the female locusts migrate in enormous numbers towards the shores of the Mediterranean, leaving devastation wherever they pass. Curiously enough, the castoroil plant is almost the first thing they attack, but no vegetation comes amiss to them. The colonists have often to sacrifice some crops in order to save the more valuable ones : for example, they station a cordon of one or two hundred men round a vineyard at distances of a metre or two apart, each man having instructions to keep a fire burning night and day, and to beat off these insects to the best of his power. After a swarm of locusts has passed by, the ground is carefully examined, and any locust eggs that may be found are destroyed ; but in spite of all precaution many eggs still remain in the earth, and the extent of the evil is not apparent until some months later. The following spring these eggs have hatched and produced the so-called *criquet*. One of my friends, whose husband had been in civil employ in Mostaganem in the province of Oran, related to me a singular incident regarding the *criquet* which had come under her own immediate observation when in that district. News was brought to them one day that the *criquets* had crossed the Chelif, a river of considerable importance, about ten miles distant. This statement seemed incredible to them ; for, as I observed before, the *criquets* have no wings like their full-grown mothers. My friend started for the spot, and found that the story was true. The *criquets* had marched down to the banks of this river in hundreds of millions, and numbers had crossed to the opposite side, passing over the dead bodies of their companions ; such a multitude had rushed to destruction that they had formed a bridge for the remainder.

BENGAL.

CALCUTTA MORTUARY RETURNS.—The total number of deaths registered during the week ending 26th May was 181 against 223 and 236 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 11. There were 15 deaths from cholera against 30 and 53 in the two preceding weeks ; the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 13. There were no deaths from small-pox during the week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 56 and 11, respectively, against 65 and 12 in the preceding week. The general-death rate of the week was 21·8 per mille per annum against 22·8, the mean of the last five years.

SENT TO JAIL.—Mr. G. A. Popham, the respondent in a suit for judicial separation, which recently occupied the attention of the Calcutta High Court, and against whom a decree for maintenance, together with costs was pronounced, was arrested on Saturday, and lodged in jail. An amount of about Rs. 1,500 was due by him, representing four months' alimony and the costs of the suit. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and he was brought before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Trevelyan, who ordered him within the day to find security for the amount of the debt, and for his appearance within thirty days, which is the time allowed for filing his schedule. Failing to find the necessary security, he was removed to jail, the Court making an order for eight annas per diem for maintenance during his incarceration.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

A CLAIM FOR DAMAGES.—The Secretary of the Harbour Trust Board, we learn, has submitted a claim to Captain Berry, Commander of the s. s. Hughenden, for damages done by the steamer to the north arm of the Harbour, as also to a light boat on the night of the 29th ultimo, while she was being taken out of the Harbour by the Assistant Pilot. The damage claimed is Rs. 2,100.—*Mail.*

A QUICK PASSAGE.—The Jumna, 5,200 tons burthen, the second in size of the B. I. S. N. Company's steamers, and the largest vessel that has as yet entered the Harbour, has just made her maiden trip to this port from London. She bids fair to be one of the quickest vessels on the run between this and Europe, for she made the voyage from Colombo to Madras in 48 hours, one of the fastest on record.—*Ibid.*

THE CHARGE AGAINST THE OFFICERS OF THE 9TH M. N. I.—on Monday the further hearing of this case was proceeded with before Mr. W. M. Scharlieb, at the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Black Town. Mr. Barclay, the Government Solicitor, appeared on behalf of Colonel Tabuteau and the other officers of

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

ENGLISH HOTEL, Fort, Bombay.—Special rates for the Monsoon.—For terms, &c., apply to the MANAGER.

CEYLON TEA, as used at the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Poona Club. Sample tins of 4 lbs. obtainable at the Offices of PHIPSON & Co.

COME and see our new Handkerchiefs, ready hemmed, from annas 14 per doz.; also new Frillings, Laces, and Silk Umbrellas suitable for monsoon.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

PEARSE'S BREAD-VAN STOPS at the KOLLAH CHOWKEY, Parel Road, every morning, from 8-45 to 7 o'clock.

AN EXPERIENCED NURSE for children offers her services at an inexpensive remuneration. —Apply to "LUCY," care of *Gazette* Office, Bombay.

SILK UMBRELLAS.—Sold for the first time in Bombay at Rs. 2 each. Small quantity. Apply Sharp.—PIECE-GOODS DEPOT Co., 9, Hornby Row.

WATERPROOF COATS.—Not Airproof. Light, strong, free from disagreeable smell. 52 inches. Rs. 13—PIECE-GOODS DEPOT Co., No. 9, Hornby Row.

REMOVABLE SPIKES.—Can be fixed to any ordinary boot in a moment. Very useful for practice, Rs. 2 per set.—WRIGHT and Co., near Forbes Ice Factory, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of Veterinary-Surgeon J. H. Steel's valuable household furniture at Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co's Rooms, TO-DAY, at 2 p.m.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.—WANTED an ASSISTANT TEACHER for the Boys' School.—Apply by letter to the SECRETARY, with copies of certificates.

CYCLOSTYLES (Gerstetner's patent). Prints two pages of note paper at one time. Price, Rs. 15. To be had at *Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, an English-rigged YACHT. Fast and strong. Sails and Gear complete.—"FOMALHAUT." *Bombay Gazette* Office.

TO LET, an airy FLOOR facing the Clock Tower Gardens, suitable for office or dwelling. Rent, Rs. 150 per month.—Apply E. W. FLOWER, Hummum Street.

TO LET, on top of Pali Hill, Bandora, a large BUNGALOW, entirely open to westerly sea-breeze, commanding beautiful view.—Address "H.," care of this paper.

IN order to afford facility to the PUBLIC for getting DOMESTIC SERVANTS, R. NOWROJEE, secures and supplies them with men of ready Good character.—Opposite Macropolo, Meadow Street.

WATERPROOF SUITS, WATERPROOF SUITS.—Just opened, Waterproof Suits, from Rs. 8 per Suit. Extra Quality, Rs. 14, Net Cash.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow Street.

AGING and MEASURING.—Horses will be aged and measured at the Grand Stand, Poona, on SATURDAY, the 9th June, 1888, at 5-30 p. m.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay. Terms per diem, Rs. 4.

REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.—By W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price annas 8; postage free.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA.—First-class upper-storeyed Hotel, best and very airy situation. Every comfort to Families and Single Gentlemen. Terms moderate.—PIRAMJI DADABHAI & Co.

FOR SALE.—A TIGER CUB, size of a full grown panther. In perfect condition.—Apply "X.X.," care of KING, KING & Co., Bombay.

SINGER STILL LEADS!! The only medal at the New Castle Jubilee Exhibition for SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

ALWAYS FOREMOST in the field!!—The first order of merit at Adelaide Jubilee Exhibition to the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co's SEWING MACHINES.

PRESENTATION ALBUMS —A most beautiful selection just opened out J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

AMMUNITIONS for AIR-GUNS.—SHOTS, 1,000, Rs. 4; Darts, 1 dozen, Rs. 1-8. L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

SPONGES.—BEST Turkey and Honeycomb, all sizes, and free from sand. A very large selection from Re. 1.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1888. With photographs of Kattywar Princes. Cloth bound Rs. 5: postage 4 annas.

CLOCKS and TIMEPIECES for offices, travelling, hall, &c., from Rs. 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20 and upwards.—KANNY & Co., Watch-makers, Jewellers Rampart Row.

LEATHER GOODS.—Purses, Hand Bags, Albums, Scrap Albums, Writing Desks, Shaving Cases, Dressing Bags, &c., &c. MORENAS and Co. Wines and Spirits, Wholesale and Retail Merchants.

CUTLER, PALMER'S GLENTROMIE.—Another SPECIALITE, five years old, Rs. 24 No Whisky should be drunk,—certainly not in tropical climates—that is not matured and free from fusel oil.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvements and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

FOR SALE, specially made, the newest, cheapest, strongest, and most perfect, "VICTORIA JUBILEE FIRE PRO F SAFE." Warranted an excellent Security from Fire and Thieves, fitted with Chubb's Patent Lock.—Sole Manufacturers, N. PURBHOODAS, No. 392, Kalbadevi, and No. 62, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST.

NO. 3 HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

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PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER

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PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,

HAVE received a splendid assortment of Furniture Coverings, consisting of Arts Chintz, Tapestry, Plushes, Roman Satins, &c.; also Gimps and Cords to match.

18, Marine Street, Bombay, 20th April, 1888.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,

With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,

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Complete and easy reference

Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.

Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.

Cloth Limp Cover.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED ARTICLES, PIANO, &c.

Under instructions from the Postmaster-General, Bombay, the Undersigned will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 7th instant, at 2 p.m., at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, the contents of book packets, parcels, &c., remained unclaimed in the Dead Letter Office beyond the prescribed time, consisting of books, periodicals, reference books, samples of cloth and silk, gold sovereign, silver rings, medal, stone brooch, boot, coat, trousers, handkerchiefs, velvet cap, gloves, price lists, photos, &c., &c.

Also by order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, consisting of couch, cot, box, utensils, &c.

Also a grand square piano, wardrobe, chest of drawers, mahogany writing desk, &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, June 7, 1888.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 7th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual Weekly Auction Sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, twist, &c.

5 cases Colored Prints.
3 ,, Satin.
7 ,, White Mulls.
5 ,, Shirtings.
4 ,, White and coloured Handkerchiefs.
7 bales Turkish Red Prints.
A quantity of Paint and Colour.
1 case Concertinas and Accordions.
2 cases Umbrellas.
One second-hand office Brougham for monsoon.
On account of the concerned.—
1 case damaged Lady's cloth.
On account of the concerned.—
646 / SDC } 251-300—50 cases damaged Victoria Blue.

AUCTION SALE OF STEAMER'S FITTINGS, FURNITURE AND OTHER MARINE STORES, IN THE P. & Co.'s DOCKYARD, MAZAGON.

On SATURDAY, the 9th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction in the P. & O. Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon. The fittings, furniture, and other stores of the s.s. Tanjore, consisting of cabin chairs, stools, tables, benches, beds, pillows, punkhas, looking glasses, cabin doors and other wooden fittings, brass, lead, zinc, iron and other miscellaneous articles, &c. &c.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods, grain, and other sweepings, &c., &c., at the G. I P. Railway Goods Station at Wari Bunder.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Station at Wari Bunder—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, grain, cotton and other sweepings, waste parer, &c., &c.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 6th June, 1888.

BENNETT AND COMPANY. No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Bombay Saw Mills, Tank Bunder, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished, plain and carved household furniture, made by John Roberts and Co., platedware, glass, and crockeryware, handsome China and Japanese vases, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome Japanese screens, &c., &c, the property of E. SALES, Esq., Foreman Cabinet-maker of "John Roberts and Co."

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piecegoods.

185 Barss Scotch bar iron 4" by 9-16" by 8 to 9 ft. long.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built, glass-fronted miniature brougham, in very good order.
1 handsome strong, second-hand office shigram.
1 strong, second-hand, single-seated office brougham.
1 handsome fast-trotting grey Arab horse, 14-3, goes in saddle and harness.
1 very powerful brown Arab horse, good action, believed to be sound.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GOLD AND PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Gopaldas Hurasmul, Ebhraim Peer Mohmed, Vullijee Cureemjee, and Cureembhoy Essoobjee, the trustees of Moosajee Khanbhoy, an Insolvent, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., sell by Public Auction at their rooms.

A lot of gold and pearl ornaments consisting of bangles, necklace, &c.

The above will be on view from to-morrow.

AUCTION SALE of Unserviceable Surgical Instruments and other Sundry Articles at the Government Medical Stores, Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club.

Under instructions from the Principal Medical Storekeeper, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of unserviceable instruments and other sundry articles.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BENTWOOD FURNITURE.

On FRIDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Meadow Street, Fort, opposite Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTONE and Co., or the Co-operative Stores Co., Ld., on account of the concerned an invoice of bentwood furniture, of the newest designs, consisting of bedroom, dining room and drawing room chairs, of various patterns, drawing room, sofas, bedsteads, child's cots and rockers, baby's tables and chairs, office and folding chairs, garden benches, round tables and chairs, screens, teapoys, wash hand stands, stools and many other articles.

Also an invoice of brass and iron bedsteads, child's perambulators, oleagraphs, &c.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit purchasers.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, AT NAGDAVI STREET.

Pursuant to the Consent Decree, dated the 8th March, 1888, made in suit No. 496 of 88 Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction by the order of Messrs. Rahimtoola Hajee Abdoolla and Hajee Abdoola Latiff Hajee, on FRIDAY, 15th June, 1888, at 4 p.m., the following landed property, with all appurtenances, subject to particulars and conditions of sale, which will then be produced:—

All that piece of Fazendari land, containing by admeasurement 116 square yards or thereabouts, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house, or chawl standing thereon, situate on the north side of Nagdevi Cross Lane, otherwise called Memon Mohla, formerly in the Mandvee sub-district, but now in the city of Bombay, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under Street Nos. 62 and 64, and bounded on the east by the house of Cassum Soomar, on the west by the house of Cassum Dawood, on the north by a sweeper's passage, and on the south by the Nagdavi Cross Lane aforesaid. The said premises are now in the occupation of the plaintiff, defendants, and their tenants. For particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Tobin and Roughton, or to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 35, Marine Lines, next door to the Officers' Mess, 4th Bombay Rifles, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, French-polished, plain and carved household furniture, platedware, glass, and crockery ware, a handsome mahogany grand square piano by John Broadwood and Son, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, &c., &c., the property of Lieut. T. R. A. G. MONTGOMERY.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

1 handsome strong English-built, square landau, suitable for single or pair, with patent hood and shafts, lamps, &c., complete.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 6th June, 1888.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S

ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Inferior instruments have recently been introduced under a name which closely resembles theirs. Intending purchasers should therefore satisfy themselves that the name on the Piano they are getting is Schiedmayer and Soehne.

Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.

THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE Cash Rs. 720.

Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.

Or 24 do. do. ,, 36.

The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.

Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.

Or 24 do. do. ,, 38.

Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Stations, Bombay or Poona.

Address: MARCKS & Co., Limited,

Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE.

AUTHORISED.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 6.

REUTER'S financial telegram of last evening reports a decline of ⅛ per cent. in Consols at 98⅛. Silver also was 1-16d. per oz. lower at 42⅛d., but yesterday's quotations are given again for Rupee Securities. Indian Sterling Loan was also unchanged at 106¼; and in Paris Rentes were still quoted at 106. The market rate of Discount on short London Bills was apparently ⅜ per cent. lower, at 1⅜; but the last previous quotation is about a week old.

The market for East Indian Wheat continued dull, but without further change in prices. In Mincing Lane, Linseed was quiet, but Calcutta quality was 3d. per quarter higher to arrive. Rapeseed was firm but unchanged, as also was Poppyseed. Coffee continued firm, and Medium Mysore was 1s. per cwt. dearer.

The Liverpool Cotton Market was still quiet at the close yesterday, the day's sales having amounted to only 8,000 bales, but including 1,000 Surats, which continued steady. Ready Mid.-Uplands remained at 5⅜d. per lb.; but "Good" Broach was 1-16d. lower; while Dhollera of all grades advanced 1-16d. per lb. American Arrivals were unchanged in all positions excepting July-August and August-September in which they were 1-64d. higher. Manchester was quiet but unchanged.

Prices in New York were again without any change yesterday, either in spot Cotton or Futures. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were again 4,000 bales, and the figures for the three seasons now compare as follows:—

	1888.	1887.	1886.
Tuesday's Receipts	4,000	900	5,400
Three days' do ...	11,000	2,500	14,800
Since 1st Sept. 1887 ...	5,333,000	5,176,600	5,215,300

A tame feeling has taken possession of our market for the staple, and we have to report another quiet day, the entire business reported not much exceeding 1,000 bales. There has been a little enquiry for the best Bengals, and for stapled Oomra, and of these the day's purchases have been chiefly made up. Notwithstanding the limited demand, rates, though rather easier in some case, are not actually lower, dealers preferring to warehouse rather than lower their pretensions. Some 500 bales of Bengals have been taken at Rs. 192-3½; and a smaller qantity of Kirkly at Rs. 223½; the other purchases having been of Khangaum, at Rs. 205; and Dhollera proper, at Rs. 198; with a little Morvi at Rs. 202 per candy.

WHEAT.—There has been a return of activity in this market to-day, and a considerable business has transpired in Ekdani, prices of which may be called 3 pies per cwt. higher. Other kinds have not been much wanted, and rates are quoted as before, all round.

SEEDS.—In these also there has been much more doing to-day, especially in *Linseed*, which is half an anna per cwt. dearer at Rs. 6-1-6 to Rs. 6-4-0 per cwt. Prices of ready *Rapeseed* are quoted as before; but for arrival contracts of all kinds dealers are asking one anna per cwt. above our last forward quotations.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	5,282 bales.
Wheat	78,095 cwt.
Linseed	8,140 ,,
Rapeseed	13,199 ,,
Poppyseed	1,466 ,,
Groundnuts	892 ,,

FREIGHTS.—There has been a rather steadier feeling in this market to-day, induced probably by the improved demand for Seeds and Wheat; but quotations for ready business are nominally unchanged, and no fresh engagements of importance have been reported.

EXCHANGE.—A weaker feeling was apparent at opening this morning, and quotations were made 1-32d. lower all round. At this decline the market has been very quiet all day, very few Bills having come out, and the banks having been indifferent about business pending the receipt of advices regarding Council allotments to-day. We hear of some private Telegraphic having been done at 1s. 4⅛d. and a small lot 3 months' sight Credits placed at 1s. 4¼d. for this month's deliery; but this is about all the business which has transpired. We quote—

Bank Bills on demand ...	1s. 4⅛d. per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic ...	1s. 4 3-32d. ,,
Do. 3 months' sight ...	1s. 4 5-32d. ,,
Credits do. ...	1s. 4¼d. ,,
Francs do. ...	1-71¼ ,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quoted at 99⅜ for Fours for money in the morning; but the rate afterwards hardened to 99⅝ to 11-16. For the coming account 99 9-16 has been the quotation, and a fair amount is said to have been booked on this line. For the July account 99 5-16 to ⅜ has been named, but there has been very little done, so far, for that settlement. 105 nominal is the quotation for the other denomination.

SHARES.—The improved demand for Mill shares which we have noticed of late continues, and we have to report a fair business to-day in that scrip, leading, in all cases but one, to a further advance in prices. Madras United have advanced Rs. 50; Empress, Rs. 15; Luckmidas Khimji, Rs. 12½; Albert Edward, City of Bombay, and Sunderdas, Rs. 10 each; Queen, Rs. 7½; Alliance, Bombay United, Connaught, Framji Petit, Hindustan, Morarji Goculdas, and New Great Eastern, Rs. 5 each; and Anglo-Indian, Re. 1 per share. Central India have declined Rs. 10. In press shares New Berar have advanced Rs. 20; and Colaba are Rs. 5 higher. Bombay-Burma Trading have moved up Rs. 25 for the first issue, and Rs. 5 for the second. Miscellaneous shares generally are neglected, but nominally unchanged in value.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,

FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.,

TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system

No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.

(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

NOTES ON INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

A PLEA OR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY, BY TODAR MAL.

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Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas.

No. 23, RAMPART ROW.

Opposite to P. W. Department.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily.
,, ,, ,, Overland Summary
,, ,, ,, Weekly Budget
,, ,, ,, Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Macleau's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co. Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES; THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

BORAH—May 26, at Gauhati, Assam, at 10-30 p.m., the wife of Surgeon-Major S Borah, MB, MC, of a daughter.
TAYLOR—May 31, at Harrington Street, Calcutta, the wife of G H Taylor, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

TEN-BROEKE—BOLST—June 1, at All Saints' Chapel, Simla, by the Ven'ble Archdeacon Tribe, J A Ten-Broeke, to Dora, second daughter of the late Henry A Bolst, of Simla and Calcutta.

DEATHS.

HILLIER—May 30, at Lahore, W Simpson Hillier.
GERRARD—May 31, at Coimbatore, John Hilgrove, infant son of Arthur Hilgrove and Alexandra Gerrard, aged 14 months.
MORRISON—May 23, at Coonoor, Duncan Home Morrison, Captain, 4th Battn Middlesex Regiment, and late Lieutenant, 55th Regiment, aged 29.
TEMPLETON—May 27, at Calcutta, Sussana Maria, the beloved wife of Arthur Templeton, Esq. Manager Caxton Press, aged 27 years, 11 months and 6 days.
WINN—June 2, at Chunar, of abscess on the liver, Senior Apothecary, James Winn, (Bengal Retired List), aged 59 years.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1888.

THE Parliamentary Committee of Inquiry is not hurrying over its work; it is grinding, like the mills of God, very slowly, but it is grinding certain reputations wondrously fine. The Secretary of the London Stock Exchange at the outset of the inquiry established the fact that the proceedings connected with the flotating of the Company were contrary to the regulations, no settlement or quotation being asked for in regard to the shares. It was elicited from Mr. Hall, the Secretary of the Company, of which Mr. Batten was Chairman, that the Directors and the Secretary received £1,500 a year, although there was no profit from the working of the mines. These preliminaries ascertained, Mr. G. M. Batten was examined very searchingly. He admitted that he received from the concessionaires, gratuitously, a sufficient number of shares to qualify as a director, and that he sold those shares to Mr. Watson as soon as the allotment was effected. He knew that there were only eight original shareholders; but he made no enquiry as to the money value of the concession, or as to the right of the concessionaires to take over 85,000 shares. Sir Henry James pressed him as to whether he had done anything for the protection of the public or of the shareholders. He declared that he did not regard himself as bound to do anything of the kind; it was no part of his duty to examine the concession or agreement, or make an estimate of its money value. The Chairman of the Committee did not conceal his indignation at Mr. Batten's cynical disregard of the interests of other people; but Sir Henry will probably get case-hardened before the examination of all the witnesses who are to appear before the Committee is concluded.

Our London correspondent to-day telegraphs at considerable length the interesting evidence given by Mr. Evans as to the sale of the shares to the Nizam's Government, and the equally interesting cross-examination of Mr. Winter as to the drafting of the indenture between the Hyderabad Government and the concessionaires. Mr. Evans described the process of the sale; Mr. Watson held a sufficient number of shares, but he employed six brokers to purchase those required for the Nizam's Government. We know now that the shares purchased by the brokers so employed belonged not to Mr. Watson, but to the Sirdar Diler Jung, whose name did not appear, as we shall hear presently; Mr. Winter held the shares for him. The Directors "and others" knew that the Nizam was investing money in the Company's shares; which may be interpreted to mean that the Directors and their intimates were perfectly aware that the market was to be "bulled" on a grand scale. The nature of the operation was evidently understood by the whole gang. Mr. Evans netted a commission of £360 on a few hours' work. A good deal turned obviously on the fact that a leading broker was paid a commission wholly beyond the usual rate on the Stock Exchange. The Committee pressed at once for further information. Mr. Evans was asked to explain the part he had taken in floating the shares; but he was loth to give any information. When he was asked whether he considered the sale a genuine one, he hesitated long before answering; he declined to commit himself; he would rather not give an opinion. Compelled to give some answer, he said "that the sale might be considered to be right." The Committee no doubt interpreted this tardy reply by the rule of contraries, and pressed the stammering witness, who had evidently lost his nerve. He was obliged to confess that he held a thousand shares which he was to sell to the Nizam; he could not say for what nominal price, but he was to have a commission. The amount of the commission he at first refused to state, offering to tell Sir Henry James "privately!" He ultimately was forced to admit that he offered to sell the shares at a commission of ten shillings a piece. He frankly owned that he did this to benefit himself, adding that if he had known as much at the time as he did subsequently he would have asked for twice as much. There cannot be much hesitation in coming to the conclusion that Mr. Evans's only regret is that he had not netted £720 by way of commission instead of £360.

Mr. Winter's evidence-in-chief turned on the concession of the mining rights and the intention on both sides as indicated by the language used respecting a "first issue" of shares. Mr. Winter admitted that he had himself used the words "first issue," but he unfortunately sought to establish that Sir Salar Jung did not understand by those words that there would be second or third issues. Our correspondent telegraphs the sarcastic question put to the witness on this point by Sir Henry James: "Did Sir Salar Jung know you so well that when you said 'first issue,' that he did not understand you to mean 'first issue?'" Mr. Winter naturally demurred to the affair being put in that way, but declared with evident sincerity that when the words were first used it was never foreseen that they would come to be discussed as they are now. He admitted, however, that the words used by the Government of India in the Memorandum setting forth the final emendations in the draft of the indenture specified that "the first issue of shares shall be £150,000, of which £75,000 shall be paid up" and were probably taken from what he had himself written. But he disclaimed responsibility for the views the Government of India might have as to the meaning of those words, which were "probably his own." The Government had seen the alterations made in the draft, and had not done anything. In regard to another part of the transaction, Mr. Winter stated that he had received an eighth share of the concession and had sold seven thousand shares—which cost him nothing—at £11 5s. per share; a cool eighty thousand pounds. The Sirdar Diler Jung received a fourth share of the concession, and his shares were allotted in Mr. Winter's name, the Sirdar's not being divulged until after the Company was registered. The reason given for secrecy is the odd one that Mr. Winter imagined that the Nizam's Government was aware that the Sirdar had obtained a fourth share of the concession. To mention it would therefore have been superfluous. Here the curtain falls on the second act of this strange eventful drama. The Inquiry is adjourned until to-morrow—and to-morrow! Probably we shall then have something equally instructive.

THE twelve hundred and more of folio pages in which the Financial Committee and the Financial Commissioner set forth the results of their prolonged inquisition are not easily focussed, and it is easier to deal with the provincial than with the general aspects of the report. Mr. Westland told us in his Budget of the envy with which the Imperial Government contemplate the wealth of the Provincial Governments which has grown up under the policy of financial decentralization. But it is an envy which has in it not a little of unreality, seeing that the envying Government can, at the end of a quinquennial contract, come down upon the Government envied, and ruthlessly cut down its wealth. The Finance Committee so far showed the feelings of the Supreme Government in their view of provincial finance that they came to Bombay pretty much in the spirit in which Marshal Blucher looked upon London. Here was a province to sack! All through the report the Bombay Presidency is spoken of as a land flowing with milk and honey, where revenues have a magical tendency towards growth, and on whose prosperity a Supreme Government with large needs may freely draw in the day of adversity. Besides, Jeshurun waxed fat and kicked, and a too abundant prosperity is not to be encouraged. The Committee found, when they came here, that the last provincial contract, as compared with that of the other large Provincial Governments, had been exceptionally favourable. However this may have been, the Presidency made good use of its advantages. The proceeds of the revenues assigned to it grew, and the expenditure grew well within the growth of the revenue, and the largest increase being in public works there was something to show for it. In the other departments in which the expenditure increased the outlay was mainly to promote the growth of revenue, as in forests, excise, and registration. Elsewhere the increase has been mainly to meet the demands of improved administration, as in police for example, and in education, and in the more liberal treatment of local boards and municipalities. For there is a natural increment to expenditure under a progressive administration, as there is to revenue, a fact which the Finance Committee do not seem to have kept in view in making some of their recommendations. The reductions which they propose in the Provincial expenditure aggregate nearly 33 lakhs, the most considerable items of reduction being one of Rs. 2,67,000 in the Educational Budget, and nearly 20 lakhs in Public Works. In this latter proposal the Committee give a very practical turn to their conclusion that Bombay, having too much money to spend, does not sufficiently watch its expenditure. The tendency of the new policy of free expenditure on military objects is thus precisely what was foreseen when this new policy was embarked on three years ago. There will be more regiments, more fortifications, more strategic roads, more frontier railways. But there will be fewer schools, fewer new roads and bridges and hospitals. The internal communications of the country will be neglected, and administrative progress, so far as it depends upon well regulated expenditure, will be arrested.

The Supreme Government seem to have thoroughly imparted their own spirit to the Committee whom they sent round to do their work. The Committee by the time that they reached Bombay had learnt their lesson wonderfully well. They postulated the necessities of the Government of India, assuming them to be beyond question; every necessity that the Provincial Governments put in must be proved to demonstration, and even when proved it often had to give way to a kind of *force majeure*, the motor centre of which was at Simla. Thus the Committee, in going over the programme of public works in this Presidency, point to some which they hold should not be contemplated until the finances are not only in a normal, but "in an exceptionally flourishing condition." Amongst such, in spite of the unsatisfactory accounts that are frequently given of the accommodation for lunatics, is a proposed grant of a lakh for such improvements throughout the Presidency. Amongst them, too, is the new European Hospital for Bombay, which public opinion in this city has for years demanded in replacement of a building which people who do not usually give way to their feelings have long since denounced as a disgrace to the city. An equally striking manifestation of the spirit in which the Committee applied themselves to their work is to be found in the chapter on the educational expenditure. They apologise for proposing a large reduction upon the expenditure of 1886-7 by describing it as more a check to growth than anything else. But let us see how resolutely the Committee applied themselves to the task of subordinating provincial needs to Imperial necessities. The Educational Budget of 1886-7 provided for an increase of three and a quarter lakhs over the expenditure of the year before. Ten thousand rupees were allocated to the Sind College at Karachi, the Bombay Government recognizing that it had duties to Sind in the matter of higher education which it could not neglect, and that it was under a promise to the province which it could not break. But the the Finance Committee thought that the local Government ought both to neglect the province and to break its promise. The College had not been started; why therefore trouble about it? Then there was an item of Rs. 4,000 for training colleges. Upon this the Committee, who had not foreseen that the Government of India were about to issue a circular about moral culture in schools, in which the necessity of seeing to the welfare of training colleges would be insisted on, showed what they thought of the matter by hinting that if they had had their way they would have allowed none of this extra provision to be made. But the colleges, they remarked with something like a sigh, had been started, and could hardly now be closed. Lastly, the Committee, forgetting that the Government of India had not long before invited the local Governments to see what they could do for technical education, put it on record that that was a luxury which could not be encouraged in an era of military budgets jealously withdrawn from criticism. The Government of Bombay, they graciously remarked, had chosen to burden itself with "a novel expenditure of this kind," and it had no right to look to the Government of India to help it to make provision for it. From all which it will be seen that the Finance Committee came here with little regard for anything but its bare mandate.

It is difficult to say whether the work of the Committee is more properly described as not unmixed with blessing or as not unmixed with evil. Good will doubtless come from a commission of inquiry being, as Lord Randolph Churchill would say, "let loose into the Departments." There are in many directions establishment charges which will bear reduction, and it is here that economy can be practised with least inconvenience to the public, and with least danger to the development of the resources of the Presidency. When we hear of a Secretariat strongly manned and highly paid, disposing of much correspondence which might be intercepted by the Commissioners of Divisions, we only wonder, however, whether in that direction the inquiry went far enough, and whether the *raison d'etre* of the Commissioners themselves might not have been submitted to inquiry. But this and many questions of the like kind would be more satisfactorily dealt with in less emergent circumstances under which the Committee set out upon their task. We will not make too much of the serious objections that Sir William Hunter has made to the educational proposals, for example, which the Travelling Members of the Committee made in Bombay, and which amount to proof that these members of the Committee erred as much through ignorance of the subject they were dealing with as through the bias towards curtailment at all hazards which their mandate gave them. For such real economies as the inquiry may introduce into our financial system we shall be thankful. To the impolicies and parsimonious extravagances to which expression has been given in the report we can point only as emphasising the truth that real economies are not the growth of periods of retrenchment. These must steadily be sought for in normal times, when there is no panic, and no prejudice even on the side of so excellent a virtue as thrift, and when expenditure as well as savings can be considered on its merits.

MR. CHISHOLM again writes to maintain that the Municipal Commissioner in expressly declaring that he "did not bind himself to employ the architect whose design is accepted" to carry out the work, but that in the event of his doing so that "the usual fees sanctioned by the Institute of British Architects will be paid," did in fact and in law bind himself to employ the artist whose design was accepted—*i.e.* Mr. Chisholm. "It would scarcely be possible," he writes, "for the advertiser to make this clause stronger, *without committing himself!*" Is it then possible for a Municipal Commissioner, or any other man, to "bind" himself, and leave himself "uncommitted," in one and the same strong clause? This is binding and loosening with a vengeance. Though the Commissioner did not "commit" himself to employ the architect whose designs were accepted, we are asked to believe that Mr. Chisholm has "a legal right to the position which I now hold." He has the grace to admit that the conditions of the competition to which he subscribed do not give him any claim whatever to be employed to carry out the design selected; he bases his claim entirely on the words of the advertisement which unequivocally set forth that the Commissioner did not bind himself to employ the designer. Mr. Chisholm surely believes that the words of an official advertisement are only used to conceal the thoughts of the advertiser.

WE are authorized to say that H. E. Sir Asman Jah has protested on behalf of the Hyderabad shareholders against the proposed meeting of the Goolberga Mills Company called at Goolberga on the 9th instant, for the purpose of winding up and reconstructing the Company, as the impending change has caused alarm amongst those interested in the existing Company at Hyderabad.

H. H. THE RAO OF CUTCH arrived here yesterday morning from Mahableshwar, and has put up at Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram's bungalow, Warden Road, Breach Candy.

SIR WALTER DE SOUZA, the representative of the fund of the Mazagon School, having decided the dispute in favour of the Bishop of Damaun, under whose charge the funds have been placed, his Lordship will open the school at Mazagon, on the 17th instant, which is the anniversary of the Bishop's arrival in Bombay.

THE bill for the amalgamation of the judicial system of Oudh with that of the North-West Provinces, under one High Court, is ready for presentation to Parliament.

AN important resolution will shortly be issued by the Government of India dealing with Sir Alfred Croft's memorandum on the education question in India. The subject of technical education will probably be found to receive much attention.

DR. S. H. HENDLEY, of Jeypore, is engaged on a history of the Ulwar State, which will be elaborately illustrated with reproductions by Mr. W. Griggs in colour and gold of the various art objects in the Durbar Treasury of Ulwar. Among these, the inlaid bookbinding in parti-coloured and gilded leather, and the richly illuminated MSS. for which Ulwar is notable, will receive special attention. Amateurs of Indian art may confidently expect a book rich in illustration and authentic in description.

MR. H. F. STORY has been appointed to succeed Mr. H. F. White as Superintending Engineer and Secretary to Resident, Public Works Department, Hyderabad. Mr. Story is a Superintending Engineer, second class, and belongs to the Railway Branch. He comes immediately from Assam where he was in charge of the Chittagong-Chandpore-Kumilla Railway. Mr. Story's appointment to the Public Works Department dates from November, 1868.

IT is likely that a great medical petition will be forwarded to England supporting the C. D. Acts in India.

LIEUTENANT TRAVERS, with a moveable column composed of the Kubo Police Battalion and a detachment of the 44th Goorkha Light Infantry and guns, reached Kalemyo on the

OF THE ASIATIC

TELEGRAMS.

THE DECCAN MINING INQUIRY.

THE SALE OF THE SHARES TO THE NIZAM.

MR. WINTER'S EVIDENCE.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JUNE 5.

There was a crowded attendance at the sitting of the Committee to-day. The attendance included a large number of Members of Parliament and well-known City men.

The witnesses examined were Mr. Evans, the broker who sold the shares to the Nizam, and Mr. C. A. Winter, solicitor.

Mr. Evans described the selling of the shares to the Nizam. He said that although Mr. Watson held a sufficient number of shares, he employed six brokers for the purpose of transferring the shares to the Nizam.

The fact that the Nizam was investing in the Company's shares was known to the directors and others.

The remuneration that he (Mr. Evans) obtained for effecting the sale was three hundred and sixty pounds.

Mr. Evans was pressed to explain the part that he had taken in the transaction.

Sir Henry James, the Chairman, asked: "Do you consider that the sale was a genuine one?"

Witness hesitated; there was a long pause. At first he declined to commit himself on the point, declaring that he would rather not express an opinion. He was, however, pressed to give a direct answer, and eventually he said: "The sale might be considered to be right."

He was forced to confess that he held a thousand shares to speculate with; but he did not remember what was their nominal price.

It was agreed that he was to have a commission for selling the shares to the Nizam.

The Chairman: "How much?"

Mr. Evans: "I would rather not say. But I will tell you privately."

The Chairman: "You must reply."

Mr. Evans: "I wanted to benefit myself. I offered to sell the shares on a commission of ten shillings per share. But if I had known as much as I know now, I should have asked for a sovereign."

Mr. Winter, solicitor, was next examined. He gave evidence regarding the concession and the formation of the Mining Company. He said that when he wrote of "the first issue" of shares in a draft of the concession he did so without sufficient consideration. Sir Salar Jung did not understand thereby that there were to be further issues.

Sir Henry James: "Did Sir Salar Jung know you so well that when you said 'first issue' he did not understand you to mean first issue?"

Mr. Winter: "Put it in that way if you like. I never thought the matter would be discussed as it is being discussed here to-day."

He was then examined regarding the provisions of the draft agreement between the Nizam and Messrs. Watson and Stewart.

He admitted that the memorandum of the Government of India sanctioned "a first issue" of shares amounting to £150,000 with £75,000 paid up.

Pressed as to whether the words "first issue" used in the Government of India Memorandum had not been used by himself in papers submitted to Government, he said: "When the Government of India referred to 'the first issue' they probably took my words. But I am not responsible for their views. They saw the alterations in the draft, but did nothing."

He said that he had received an eighth share of the concession, and it was elicited that he had sold seven thousand shares at the rate of £11 5s. per share. The Sirdar Diler Jung had received a fourth share of the concession.

Mr. Winter said that he had not mentioned that he was to receive an eighth share and the Sirdar Diler Jung a fourth share of the concession, as he imagined that this allotment was known to the Hyderabad Government.

He also said that the Sirdar Diler Jung's shares in the Company had been allotted in his (Mr. Winter's name), and that the Sirdar's name was never disclosed until the Company had been registered.

The inquiry was adjourned till Friday.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 6.

At to-day's meeting of the Deccan Mining Inquiry Committee, Mr. Evans, stock-broker, was first examined. He said he had been instructed by Mr. Watson and Abdul Huq to buy twelve thousand shares for the Nizam, and at the same time to sell the same number of shares belonging to Abdul Huq. This had doubtless been done to increase the value of the shares by making it appear that there were *bona fide* purchasers for them. He had received ten shillings per share as commission from Mr. Watson.

Mr. Winter, Mr. Watson's solicitor, and brother-in-law, was also examined, and said that he engaged to pay Abdul Huq one-fourth share of the proceeds of the concession. This might be considered as a bribe. But Abdul Huq had produced a letter from the late Sir Salar Jung authorising him to receive payment from the concessionaires.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

INDIA IN PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

The House of Commons has agreed, without a division, to the motion of Mr. M'Laren, Member for the Crewe Division, for the repeal of the Contagious Diseases Acts in India.

During the debate on the resolution, Sir John Gorst, the Under-Secretary for India, said that it was unconstitutional for him, as well as inexpedient for Parliament, to interfere with the legislative independence of the Council of the Governor-General of India.

[In telegram, dated London, 2nd June, the name "Maclean" was a telegraphic mutilation of the name "Maclaren."]

THE LATE SIR BARTLE FRERE.

The statue of the late Sir Bartle Frere in the gardens of the Victoria Embankment was unveiled by the Prince of Wales to-day.

THE TAX ON WINES.

In the House of Commons last night, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that the proposed tax on wines will be confined to "sparklings."

THE SERIOUS STATE OF AFFAIRS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Replying to a question in the House last evening, relating to the threatening state of affairs in South Africa, Baron Henry de Worms said that a force of Basutos and British reinforcements are starting for the purpose of chastising Dini zulu.

MR. JOHN BRIGHT.

Mr. Bright is making gradual progress towards recovery.

THE CRISIS IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, JUNE. 5.

It is understood that the Bismarck difficulty is being arranged smoothly.

THE UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 5.

The Democratic Convention assembled to-day at St. Louis, Mississippi, for the purposes of nominating a candidate for the Presidency.

THE LATE SIR FRANK H. SOUTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

OOTACAMUND, JUNE 6.

The funeral of Sir Frank H. Souter took place to-day and was attended by H. E. the Governor as chief mourner, H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Charles Sargent, Sir Oliver St. John, the Personal Staffs of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Army Headquarters Staff, Heads of Departments, officers, and others at Ootacamund. The service was performed by the Bishop of Madras. The attendance was very large. A body of Volunteers and Police Guard accompanied the *cortege*.

BERERA BURNT DOWN.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 6.

A telegram from Aden reports that the native town of Berera, on the opposite coast of Somaliland, has been enterely burnt down. Great distress exists among the native population.

BARODA NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, JUNE 6.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Watling, 23rd Light Infantry, Neemuch, has arrived here and assumed command of the 5th Bombay Light Infantry in succession to the late Colonel Leacock.

We had a smart shower of rain to-day, and the heat has considerably abated.

Cholera is still prevalent in the city.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 6.

The *Pioneer's* London telegram states that Lord Cross has addressed a letter to the Royal Commission on the Currency, asking in view of the serious further fall in exchange to be informed what remedy the Commission suggests. It is rumoured that Lord Cross himself favours a gold standard for India.

It is believed that Lord Lansdowne will point out to her Majesty's Government that the position of the executive in India must become quite impossible, and taxation there an unknown quantity unless international agreement as to the future employment of silver in Europe and America receives the support of England.

INSPECTOR-GENERALSHIP OF ARMY SIGNALLING.

Two Inspector-Generalships of Army Singnalling are to be created in India, one for the whole of the Bengal forces and the other for Madras and Bombay.

REVIVAL OF DACOITY IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JUNE 6.

The following is a telegram received from Burma:—

Upper Burma is reported to be generally quiet.

During the last week news from Tavoy is that an attack was made on Nabule by seventy dacoits on the night of 27th May. The dacoits were driven off by seventeen Gurkhas, who were stationed there, with a loss of one Gurkha and a villager killed, and four wounded.

The rumour of the death of the Myook is unfounded.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, JUNE 5.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer India, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

HONGKONG, JUNE 6.

The P. & O. Company's s.s. Thibet arrived here from Bombay on the 3rd instant.

The P. & O. Company's s.s. Venetia arrived here yesterday from Bombay.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Melpomene from Bombay arrived this afternoon.

MARSEILLES, JUNE 5.

The Hall Line steamer Werneth Hall arrived here yesterday afternoon.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4¼

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2¾ per cent. Consols for account	98⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes	106
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	67
4½ per cent. do.	70⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106¼
Bar Silver	42⅛

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY NIGHT, JUNE 5.

10 p.m.	81·8

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 6.

6 a.m.	82·2
10 a.m.	84·8
2 p.m.	88·3
4 p.m.	86·4

NOTES FROM MATHERAN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, JUNE 4.

THE beginning of the end; and a great many unwise, thoughtless, or timid people have made it the end at the beginning. To-day almost half of the visitors take flight. Last evening we had lightening, thunder and rain (an inch of the last, the others not measured). It came on just in time to catch people coming out of church, and the number of soaked bonnets, hats, coats and petticoats that have been hung out to dry this morning is quite heartrending. This morning, however, (bar that exhibition) this delightful place is at its best. The weather will have some fun with us evening after evening for about a week, and then the courageous few will have a climate which the gods might covet.

The school sports came off as promised, and, thanks to the clever managers, they were a pleasing success. However, the dear little souls who made up the fun are now working away at the desks again, and I will not tantalize them by dwelling on the subject.

The crowning event of this season, and I may say of many years, was the Superintendent's ball last Saturday, and had the rough evenings commenced one day earlier it would, as the Archbishop of Canterbury might have said, as did say on another occasion, have been "a national calamity," for it would have marred a truly delightful entertainment. Alas! it is all over, and we can enjoy it no more but in memory. There, however, it will live in spite of that hoary old sinner—Time. "What an attribute inventive genius is!" With no shops, no workmen, no appliances, in short with nothing at hand, Dr. Barry out of vacancy produced one of the most charming "fairy" scenes. Where the music was brought from who can imagine or guess? The aid of Koot Hooni must have been invoked. Peliti, in Bombay, and Ludha Ebraim, in Poona, did their knowingest to provide luxuries and illuminations. The floor of the dancing room must have been brought about by magic only known to Dr. Barry or some jungle sprites, to whose existence, now we are aware of it, many things may come to be attributed. Dr. Barry has not studied our sylvan groves for nothing, but has made mysterious acquaintances not dreamed of in vulgar philosophy. The whole scene was poetry and music made visible to the eye. Every hill and valley and tree will henceforth proclaim the memory of Dr. Barry. Our enjoyments and gaieties have been mixed up with tigers and rumours of tigers (chiefly the latter), and I have never known a season marked by so much cry and so little wool. However, there has been some of the latter mixed up in the former, for coming home late after honouring the Queen's Birthday at DeSouza's Clarendon Hotel, I found some of the wool or hair of a fine young greyhound mixed up in a pool of blood on my verandah, and all the signs of a struggle. The beasts have done great mischief amongst the dogs, but not much otherwise, I think.

You will not look for much more news from here, but I will let your readers know what enjoyable weather they might have had had they stayed two or three weeks longer. It is strange how people shirk the very best of the season here to rush into the very worst of the season in Bombay or elsewhere.

10 p.m.—We have not had the expected repetition of thunder and rain this evening.

P.S.—Our tigers have been seen by many ladies and by all our servants, but not a man amongst us has caught a glimpse of one, and we have been the only ones who have wanted to see them. Such is the way things are managed. *Apropos*, a friend writes: "The Aides-de-Camp at Mahableshwar have trained their staff tiger to such a point that if it should meet a lady walking alone in the dark, it smiles and looks another way. I am sure your tiger is not equal to that"—(wrong for once, my friend). "What a change since the days of John Company, when no tiger with any self-respect would be seen in public without a strip of somebody's trousers hanging carelessly from its mouth."

FIRE TEMPLES AT OODWARA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

OODWARA, JUNE 4.

THE town of Oodwara is situated on the B. B. & C. I. Railway line, a little beyond the Portuguese settlement of Damaun. It is a seaport town, principally inhabited by Parsis and Hindus. It is about three miles from the railway station; but the road leading from it to the town is in a most rugged state. The most ancient and greatly revered fire temple of the Parsis is located here. Soon after the Parsis entered India, they established a fire temple in Sunjan, about the year 721 A. D. The sacred fire, after suffering various vicissitudes in having been moved to Nowsari, Surat, &c., was finally placed about three hundred years ago at Oodwara. It is held in the highest veneration by all classes of the Parsi community; and twice every year, in the second and ninth months of the Zoroastrian era, which two months are sacred and dedicated to fire, the Parsis go to Oodwara for the purpose of visiting their most sacred place, and after prayers distribute alms and other charities to the poor and needy of the locality. It was built by the late Sett Dadabhoy Pestonji Wadia.

Yesterday being the last of such days, an immense concourse of people gathered here from Bombay and the adjacent districts. The Honourable Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Kt., Mr. Maneckji Cowasji Damaunvala, and many others are here. The former gentleman, before coming, was present at the ceremony of consecrating the new Tower of Silence at Nargore, a suburban village of Sunjan. This place of worship has been built under his auspices, for which he has been presented with a rich Cashmere shawl and an address. The Parsi inhabitants also took this opportunity of presenting another address, congratulating him on his appointment to the Council of H. E. the Governor-General of India. Sir Dinshaw is an old type of orthodox Parsi, and has helped to build several towers, such as those of Chikli, Bilimora, Bardoli, Mowa, Egutpoora, &c. On his way to Oodwara, he visited the charitable dispensary at Oomargaon, where he was honoured with similar presentations. At Nargore there are three old towers of silence, which are not now in use; one of which is about seven hundred years old, another has been in existence nearly a hundred and fifty. It was built by the ancestors of Mr. Cursetjee Maneckjee Setna, a worthy citizen of Bombay. The ceremony of consecrating the new tower was attended by about 1,500 Parsis.

The road leading from the station to the town of Oodwara is in a most deplorable condition, being rugged, full of ruts and holes, and driving over it is attended with much jostling and inconvenience. There have been loud and frequent complaints about the wretched state of the road, and several attempts have been made to build a pucka one; but they proved one and all ineffectual. The latest effort was made by a few leading Parsis of Bombay, and Mr. Cowasjee Bejunjee Allbless actually handed over Government promissory notes for Rs. 27,500, through Sir Dinshaw and Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengali, to Mr. W. B. Mulock, then acting Collector of Surat, and the matter took such a favourable turn, that tenders were invited for the construction of the road. But the subject having been submitted to Government for their sanction, the Governor-in-Council declined to accept the proffered aid unless the munificent offer was supplemented by a further sum of Rs. 25,000, yielding an annual income of Rs. 1,000, for the repair and maintenance of the road. Thus a splendid opportunity for constructing a metalled road has been lost through the apathy of Government. I believe it is the first duty of a Government to build roads and bridges for their subjects; and if a liberal Parsi offered to build one, which would be of great public use, surely, Government ought to undertake the maintenance of the same. The Baroda Railway authorities, I have reason to believe, have promised to build a permanent station at Oodwara if the Parsis or Government made a consolidated road to Oodwara. Thus if fresh and combined efforts be renewed, there are prospects of a permanent and easy-travelling road being constructed in due course.

The weather is sultry, but it is tempered by cool sea-breezes morning and evening.

There was a fire in a village close by, and several huts were destroyed. A subscription list was started in Oodwara by Sir Dinshaw for the benefit of those who had suffered by the fire, and with the help of Mr. Maneckji Cowasji Damaunvala, Sir Dinshaw and other Parsi gentlemen, who happened to be on the spot, a good sum was collected and paid to the sufferers.

THE FIRST BEGINNINGS OF THE NIZAM'S RAILWAY AND MINING PROJECTS.

A WELL-INFORMED correspondent writes to us on this interesting subject as follows:—

"If reference is made to the *Bombay Gazette*, *Deccan Times*, and other papers, during the years of 1874 to 1878, it will be found that negociations were in progress for the construction and working of the Nizam's Railway and Mines. Early in 1874, Mr. Derry was sent for by the late Sir Salar Jung, and asked if his late firm of Brassey, Wythes and Co. could negociate the financial management and carry out the Railway and Mines. At this time Mr. Brassey, father of the present Lord Brassey, was dead. Mr. Derry, after seeing the late Sir Salar Jung, called on the then Resident, Mr. Saunders, and explained to him what had passed between himself and Sir Salar Jung, and asked Mr. Saunders's advice, which he considered himself bound to do. Mr. Saunders went into the matter with Mr. Derry, who afterwards wrote home and tried to negociate the matter, Mr. Saunders consenting to Mr. Derry's undertaking, which he, however, considered a very difficult task, but added, that should Mr. Derry succeed he would almost guarantee that the Government would grant and sanction it, provided the scheme was put into proper form. On this Mr. Derry wrote home to Messrs. Wythes and Jackson and Mr. Folkard, who undertook to raise the required capital. Communications then constantly took place, both verbally and by letter, between Mr. Derry and Sir Salar Jung, up to 1878. With great difficulty, as Mr. Saunders had anticipated, Mr. Derry's business-friends, Messrs. Wythes, Jackson and Folkard, did succeed with Rothschilds. They sent out a statement containing a financial scheme on which Rothschilds had arranged to advance the money, this was sent to Mr. Derry for Sir Salar's information and laid before him by Mr. Derry; it was the result of nearly four years' hard work by the latter, whose remuneration, it was understood, was to be a liberal one at the discretion of Sir Salar, and the contract for the Railway was to have been placed with Messrs. Wythes and Jackson, Mr. Derry and Mr. Folkard being the working partners. The whole of the arrangements, including the extensions beyond Singarellie, and other works, just as the line has been constructed and carried out, were parts of Mr. Derry's scheme, as will be seen by the original papers and sketches which were with Sir Salar. Mr. Derry strongly opposed the line going to Chanda, and recommended Nagpur as the point of junction. When matters had thus far advanced Sir Salar threw Mr. Derry and his labour over, and adopting all the information obtained from him he communicated himself direct with Rothschilds and carried out the scheme by means of other parties. Application was then made for the payment of Mr. Derry's out-of-pocket expenses, *viz.*, the sum of Rs. 16,000, but even this has never been paid. Mr. Derry went to see the late Mr. Bowen, Secretary to the late Sir Salar Jung, on several occasions, and Mr. Bowen expressed his opinion that Mr. Derry had been very shabbily treated by H. E. Sir Salar, who, professing to be startled by the magnitude of the scheme and arrangements proposed by Mr. Derry, adapted the same without making him any remuneration, as he had arranged to do, and put Abdul Huq to work the schemes out on Mr. Derry's line and ideas. The Mines were to be handed over to Mr. Derry and his coadjutors to work at a nominal rent, but Mr. Derry's friends at home were adverse to forming a company for this purpose until the Railway scheme was an accomplished fact, but were to have accepted and carried it out under the arrangement of a separate scheme."

CHOLERA IN TANNA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that cholera has appeared in the town and vicinity of Tanna, and that it is likely to spread, it is, I think, high time to make a few suggestions for the immediate consideration of the authorities concerned. These suggestions are:—(1) That the rules under which the Civil Surgeon and his subordinates demand fees for attending upon out-door cholera patients be held in abeyance for some time. (2) That the Civil Surgeon be permitted as a temporary measure, to introduce into the town, in consultation with the Municipality, such sanitary reforms as he may deem necessary for the immediate purpose of arresting the spread of the disease in the town. (3) That the Municipality be desired to erect temporary huts in which to treat cholera patients, their treatment being exclusively entrusted to our energetic Civil Surgeon, Dr. Kirtikar, and that the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Wadia Charitable Dispensary be placed in charge of the Civil Hospital to attend upon in-door patients. (4) That the Municipality be desired to water, at least, the main roads within their limits. This will add much to any measure that may be adopted to check the progress of the disease.

If these suggestions be at once carried out, I am sure cholera will soon disappear.—Yours, &c.,

Tanna, June 2. A RATE-PAYER.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Upon reading a letter published in your issue of the 1st instant, from your correspondent "Citizen," regarding the present insanitary condition of the town of Tanna, I walked through the place to-day, satisfied myself as regards the truth of what has been stated by him, and have come to the conclusion that he is quite right in saying that "the progress of civilization is not to be seen in the town." Not to repeat what has already been said by him, I must admit that the allegations made by him are facts, and I am of opinion that the several valuable suggestions made by him ought to be at once carried out by the Municipality. If they do not do so, they will be held to have failed in performing one of the most important duties imposed upon them by law.—Yours, &c.,

Tanna, June 2. ANOTHER CITIZEN.

UNSEEMLY BEHAVIOUR AT THE GAIETY THEATRE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In justice to the theatre-going public, may I beg the favour of your allowing me a little space in your valuable journal, to protest against the nightly nuisance caused by a few gentlemen who occupy the back seats of the Gaiety Theatre? Appreciative plaudits are at all times welcome, but unseemly vociferation, though at all times repulsive, reaches its culminating point when it deprives the majority of those present of the pleasure of following the play in an intelligent manner. The unmannerly stamping of feet and incessant tapping of sticks on the floor and forms, coupled with rude jests and ribaldry, savouring of Billingsgate, would find a more appropriate place in the public streets than in the arena of a theatre. I would ask if the police cannot legitimately be called upon to suppress such unseemly conduct. If sticks cannot be prohibited from being brought in, there ought surely to be no difficulty in ousting unruly persons from the house. The authorities will earn the grateful thanks of all were some prompt measures adopted to mitigate the evil herein pointed out, especially, I make bold to say, the thanks of all true admirers of the

June 4. HISTRIONIC ART.

MEANING OF THE WORD *NIMSUZ* OR *NIMSAB*.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have been much struck by the question said to have been put by Sirdar Ayub Khan with regard to the people whom the Persians call "Nimsab." I know the Russians call the Germans "Nyemety," *i.e.*, "the mutes," "unspeakable," "taciturn," or "silent ones"; and the Turks (and possibly the Persians) may translate "Nyemety" into "Nimsab." But I am inclined to think what Sirdar Ayub Khan really (waggishly) asked was—"whom do the Persians call 'Nimsuz' (*i.e.* half burnt ones)?" The answer obviously is, all "Kafirs," including French, Germans, Russians, and those from whom his "ex-Amirship" is to draw Rs. 5,000 per mensem for the rest of his life.—Your, &c.,

Camp, Upper Sind, May 30, 1888. P. J.

AN accident, which might have proved serious, occurred at Ootacamund, to Mr. Harold Stuart, Under-Secretary, Revenue Department, on Friday morning last. While Mr. Stuart was out riding, his horse accidently stumbled against a stone and was thrown forward on its head. Mr. Stuart, we are glad to learn, managed to escape with only a partial injury to his left wrist, and a few other bruises. The horse received a deep gash on its head, but is doing well.

THE LATE SIR F. SOUTER AND THE KHOJAS.

YESTERDAY morning his Highness Aga Khan, on hearing of the death of Sir Frank Souter, expressed his regret to his followers, the Khojas, and explained to them that Sir F. Souter did his duty as Commissioner of Police impartially. He said that he had a high respect for Sir Frank as being a man of intelligence, and one who was always ready to render assistance whenever he was asked to do so. The Khojas closed their shops yesterday out of respect for the deceased knight.

On the receipt of the news of the death of Sir Frank Souter the offices of the Commissioner of Police were closed on Tuesday.

ADJOURNMENT OF THE TOWN COUNCIL.

THE Bombay Town Council was adjourned yesterday out of respect to the memory of the late Sir Frank Souter, after passing a resolution lamenting the loss sustained by his death. The members present were Mr. Dosa bhoy Framji, C.S.I. (chairman), Colonel Merewether, Sir Henry Morland, Dr. Waters, Rao Saheb V. N. Mundlik Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar, Mr. R. M. Sayani, Dr. Cowasji Hormusji, and Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy.

The chairman (Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee), who appeared much affected, said:—Gentlemen,—You are all aware of the sad news of the sudden and untimely death yesterday morning, at Ootacamand, of our esteemed colleague, Sir Frank Henry Souter, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., which has cast a deep gloom over the society of Bombay, both European and native. This is not the time or place to expatiate upon the many excellent qualities of head and heart with which our late colleague was endowed, and of which no one had better opportunities of observing and appreciating than myself, having had long official connection and lived in close friendship with him for many years; or on his long, brilliant and distinguished career in the public service, the last twenty-four years of which he held one of the most responsible and arduous appointments in this Presidency. These have been to some extent fittingly and eloquently expressed in this morning's papers, both English and Vernacular. On our part, we can appropriately discharge our duty by giving expression to our deep sense of the great loss this Council and the public generally have sustained in the death of our late lamented colleague. His duties as Commissioner of Police of this city enabled him to acquire a knowledge and experience of the Municipal wants of this city, such as hardly any other officer or gentleman outside this office possessed, and these were always brought, as we all know, to bear advantageously upon our deliberations for the public good. The interest which he displayed in the civic advancement and improvement of our city was so marked that the Corporation once conferred upon him the highest honour which they could bestow upon any citizen,—I mean the Chairmanship of their own body. The Government likewise showed their confidence in him by appointing him for two terms Chairman of this Council. The able and impartial and courteous manner in which the late Sir Frank discharged the duties of these high civic offices were the subject of praise when he retired from those offices, and I need not repeat what was then so well expressed, as it must be still fresh in your memory. With these brief remarks, which, I must confess, but inadequately express our sense of the great loss this city has sustained in Sir Frank Souter's death, I beg to propose a resolution, which I trust will meet with your entire sympathy and approval. After the proposition is passed the Council will, I trust, agree with me that we should, without transacting any business, adjourn for the day as a mark of respect to the memory of our late colleague, whose familiar form and genial bearing we shall miss for a long long time to come. The chairman concluded by moving "that the Town Council have heard with deep regret of the sudden death of their colleague, Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., Companion of the Orders of the Star of India and the Indian Empire, and Commissioner of Police of this city. That in placing on record this expression of their sense of the great loss which they, in common with the whole community of Bombay, have sustained by the decease of a citizen so eminent and so respected by men of all classes and creeds, the Council would observe that for nearly a quarter of a century Sir Frank Souter manifested a warm interest in all matters connected with civic affairs, and that as chairman, both of the Corporation and the Town Council, his conduct gained for him the approbation and entire confidence of those with whom he was associated; and on three distinct occasions cordial votes of thanks were passed to him by the Corporation and the Council. That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Lady Souter, accompanied with the assurance of the Council's sincere and heartfelt condolence with herself and the members of her family in their heavy affliction. That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased the Council adjourn without proceeding to the transaction of business."

Mr. Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik cordially endorsed all that the chairman said, and desired to offer in a few words his humble tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased gentleman. It was indeed sad to see Bombay deprived of two of its prominent members in the persons of Mr. Spencer and Sir Frank Souter within the short space of a fortnight. In the case of Sir Frank Souter it might be said that there was perhaps no Englishman in office amongst us whose duties brought him more in touch with the people than the late Commissioner of Police. And the useful purpose to which he turned his position and his relations could not be better illustrated than in the fact of the universal gloom which the sad news of his sudden death had cast over all Bombay society since yesterday, and the uniform sympathy which had been expressed on all sides amongst all classes of our community, European and native, rich and poor, high and low, Mr. Javerilal hardly knew of a Commissioner of Police in Bombay whose connection with the city had lasted so long as a quarter of a century. In the course of this period, Sir Frank won the esteem and regard of all classes by his tact, his genial good nature, and his thorough knowledge of the strong and weak points in the character of each section of our mixed community. It was, of course, not to be expected that in a society composed of many heterogenous elements, and in a city which had been rapidly developing in population and commercial activity and enterprise as Bombay, there would not at times arise critical moments when its peace would be disturbed. But it redounds to the credit of Sir Frank Souter that on all such occasions he brought all the resources of his tact, his energy, and his influence with the various classes and their leaders to bear upon them. Upon the particular measures adopted by him on each occasion there might be room for differences of opinion, even at the present day. But here, again, it seemed to Mr. Javerilal to be a striking feature of our society, and one that did it infinite honour that it had shown a spirit of tolerance and forbearance at the very time it was most needed. In illustration of this remark, Mr. Javerilal referred to the obituary notices of Sir Frank Souter, which had appeared in the morning papers, English and Vernacular. The distinguishing characteristic of each and every one of these notices had been the feeling of charity and sympathy which pervaded them. Sir Frank's activities were not confined to the maintenance of peace in the city. He took a keen interest in the civic affairs, and was a prominent and active member of the Corporation, and at one time its chairman. The overwhelming majority of votes of the Justices by which he was returned to the Corporation was a test of his popularity. He was twice appointed chairman of the Town Council; and it was but due to his memory as a former chairman and as a colleague that this Council should adjourn without transacting the usual business.

Mr. Sayani remarked that the Mahomedan community had lost in Sir Frank Souter a dear, conscientious, sincere, and never failing friend.

Mr. Khote said that the remarks made by the last speaker was applicable not only to the Mahomedans, but to all the various sections of the community of this city.

Dr. Cowasji Hormusji said he endorsed all that had been said about the good qualities of the head and heart possessed by Sir Frank. While they particularly bemoaned his loss as a fellow member of the Town Council and the Corporation, he would say on behalf of the ratepayers of Bombay that they had lost one who was a great protector of their lives and property. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to find an equally energetic and able man to succeed to the vacancy caused by his death. Whenever there was a great fire in the city, Sir Frank, with his usual gallantry, went immediately to the spot, whatever be the hour of the day or night on which he happened to hear of it, and whether it was wet or dry. He lost no time in collecting his men around him, and instead of merely giving orders, worked personally in order to save as much property from destruction as was possible, his example, of course, stimulating his subordinates to work with equal zeal and energy. In this way Sir Frank had been the means of saving considerable property from destruction. His death, the speaker concluded, was a great public loss, which it would be difficult to repair.

Dr. Waters said he thoroughly endorsed all that the chairman and other speakers had said of their late colleague. For his part, he would add only one word, and that was that the highest tribute to Sir Frank Souter's memory was that his death was regarded with a sorrowful regret which was as keenly felt by the natives of this city as by his own countrymen.

Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik observed that Sir Frank Souter was always in deep personal sympathy with every applicant who went to him for assistance.

The resolution having been carried, the Council adjourned till this afternoon.

The Municipal Office was closed yesterday as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

DEPARTURE OF DR. BOYD FROM DHOOLIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DHOOLIA, JUNE 1.

DR. H. W. BOYD, Civil Surgeon of Dhoolia, who has been appointed Presidency Surgeon, left for Bombay on Tuesday last, to join his new appointment, after a service of nearly eight years at this station. He was most successful in many difficult operations and had a wide reputation. Added to his great professional ability and skill the suavity of his manners made him very popular with all classes. The leading members of the native community assembled at his bungalow at the time of his departure to bid him farewell. Rao Bahadur Govindrao Ramchandra Garud presented the Doctor with a bouquet and expressed to him the best wishes of the native community for his and family's happiness and prosperity. It is said the Doctor will be confirmed in his appointment in Bombay, and is not likely to return to Dhoolia. He is succeeded here by Surgeon-Major Dalal.

TENNIS TOURNAMENT AT RAJPIPLA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NADOD, JUNE 1.

THE state tennis court has been the scene of great excitement during the past four days. Kuver Chhatrasingji, the heir-apparent, arranged for a tennis tournament, in which ten men competed. Of the ten, six were Kuvers from the Rajkumar College at Rajkot. The Kuvers, not being supposed to be expert-players, were given points beginning from 8 down to 3. Kuvers Digvijaysinh and Narsingsinh, with 8 and 5 points in their favour respectively, defeated Messrs. E. Taleyarkhan and D. Pandit. The prize, at last, lay between the two Kuvers, and this morning the tie was played off, when Kuver Digvijaysinh defeated Kuver Narsingsinh by three points. Mr. A. Shewan, C.S., the administrator of the place, and other State officials were present. Mr. Shewan gave away the prize.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, June 6.—The barometer has fallen, except in North Bengal, Behar and Chutia-Nagpur. The fall is large in Sind, Rajputana, and West Punjab, and the barometer is nearly six-tenths lower at Peshawar than at Colombo. The distribution of pressure is somewhat abnormal, but such as accompanies the monsoon winds. Gradients are very steep in North-West India. Pressure is uniform in the Gangetic Plain and is locally low at Bombay; there are slight indications of a formation of low pressure area in north of the Bay. Winds are stronger on the West Coast. South-West winds are blowing across the Central Province and Central India; winds are light and irregular in the Gangetic Plain. Moderate rain has fallen in the Central Provinces and greater part of Burma, Bengal, Assam, Malabar, and the Konkan Coasts. Many duststorms and thunderstorms have occurred in Upper India and at hill-stations. The conditions at present are those of feeble south-west moasoon prevailing over the greater part of the country. The weather is disturbed over the whole of North and North-West India.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.

THE report of Sir Charles Elliott's Committee has been published. The report itself is really confined to two volumes, while the third is the special report of the "Financial Commissioner," upon whom mainly devolved the task of completing the labours which the Committee left unfinished when it was brought to a close somewhat abruptly by the orders of Government. The following extracts are from the summary of the Committee's report:—

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, ESTABLISHMENT.

The second paper in this chapter deals with a large and difficult subject, the strength and cost of the whole establishment of the Public Works Department. The conclusion arrived at is that recent changes, involving enhanced pay, which were made to satisfy the discontent of the existing staff, need not be perpetuated in the case of future appointments; that in the prospect of a large contraction of expenditure there must be a considerable reduction of the establishment; and that the list of charges should be revised so as to lay down what is the number of officers requisite for the work of the Department, and to arrange the recruitment accordingly, restricting it in the first place to Royal Engineers and to Statutory Natives on two-thirds pay, and not indenting on Cooper's Hill College, unless it is found necessary to do so. The Public Works Department has invited further discussion of the subject, and now that the Committee is dissolved the discussion will be carried on by the Finance Commissioner and the officers on special duty with him.

The leading idea in the first and third notes is that a single combined establishment ought to be able to work cheaper and more efficiently than two or three establishments in which different officers carry on the same kind of work; independently of each other, in the same area. Irrigation is a speciality, but excluding this, the recommendation of the Committee is that only one officer should, if possible, be appointed to a single area or district, to execute all works, whether Imperial, Civil or Military, Provincial or Local, but with the necessary staff subordinate to him to enable him to carry out all his duties efficiently without postponing one class in favour of another.

LOCAL PURCHASE OF EUROPEAN STORES.

In the fourth paper an attempt is made to lay down rules for preventing the purchase of European goods in India, where possible by making it easier and quicker than now to procure them through the Director-General of Stores; to define the exceptional cases, and especially the plea of urgency, which justify the breach of this rule; and in such cases to facilitate local purchases by providing an agency through which the best information as to price and quality can be obtained.

PROVINCIALISATION OF IRRIGATION.

The last paper is a scheme for obviating what has hitherto been the great obstacle in the way of extending the system of provincialisation to new canals or other works, by providing that interest on the capital expended shall not be levied from the Province, which gives the guarantee, till such time as it may reasonably be expected that the work will become productive.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The main recommendation in this note is that the allocation of Government chaplains should be confided to stations where there are British troops, or which are the seats of Governments, and that elsewhere aided clergy should be substituted for them.

PRESIDENCY ALLOWANCES.

House-rent and Presidency allowances are enjoyed by certain classes of officers at Calcutta, Madras and and Bombay. In this note some modifications in the rates of these allowances are proposed, stricter rules are laid down as to the persons who shall be held to be entitled to them, and the extension of these allowances to hill stations is objected to.

SUMMARY OF SAVINGS.

The anticipated savings, immediate and ultimate, which may be effected, if the Committee's recommendations are carried out, are abstracted below in those cases in which it has been possible to frame any definite estimate:

	Rs.
OPIUM.	
Charges on account of the Malwa Opium Revenue	2,600
The Opium Acreage Cess in the Punjab	not estd.
THE SALT REVENUE.	
The Northern India Salt Revenue Dept.	1,74,400
The Bombay Salt and Customs Departments	64,400
The Indo-European Telegraph Department	38,000
LAW AND JUSTICE.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

The Military Works Department 4,50,000, Public Works Establishments, Proposals for the amalgamation of General and Local Public Works establishments	27,57,000
The local purchase of European Stores	Not estd.
The Provincialisation of Irrigation	Do.
The Civil Travelling Allowance Code	Do.

ALLOWANCES GRANTED FOR HILL STATIONS.

The Simla Allowance Code	5,34,000
Madras Hill Allowance Rules	25,000
Bombay Hill Allowance Code	14,000
Darjeeling Allowance Code	17,000
Punjab Hill Allowance Code	26,000
Military Hill Allowances	30,600
Presidency, House-rent and other Allowances.	1,21,000
Grand Total...	43,74,600

The following notes are from the summary of Sir Charles Elliott's report as Finance Commissioner :—

The Finance Committee having been dissolved by the orders of Government on the 20th December, 1886, his Excellency-in-Council was pleased then to appoint Colonel Filgate, Mr. Bliss and myself to carry on enquiry into such subjects as the Finance Committee had left incomplete.

MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

We have reviewed the whole working of the Military Account Department, and suggested considerable changes. We think Circle Paymasters can be abolished (except one at Bombay), and the salaries of staff and non-regimental officers paid from Civil treasuries. We find that the Medical Examiners have very little to do that requires special technical knowledge, and propose that only one should be retained for all India. We object to the change recently introduced by the establishment of Central Commissariat Account Offices, and desire to enforce the responsibility of the Executive Commissariat Range Officer in respect of the accounts of his expenditure, assisting him (as in the Public Works Department) by a staff of trained accountants. On the other hand, we think the Bengal Controller's Office is too much for one man, and recommend the creation of another such office in the Punjab. Lastly, we propose that the Department should be partly, if not wholly, officered by Civilians, and that it should be regarded on a scale corresponding to that which exists in the Accounts Branch of the Public Works Department.

PAYMENT OF MILITARY PENSIONERS.

We recommend that the payment of Military pensions should be made in future by Civil Officers at the Treasuries and Tahsils, so that the retired sepoy may receive his pension monthly or quarterly instead of at longer intervals, and close to his home instead of having to go a long journey to draw it. If this view is accepted, the whole staff of Military Pension Paymasters would be swept way.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT, BENGAL, MADRAS AND BOMBAY.

The Finance Committee examined in detail the expenditure in the Commissariat Departments of the three Presidencies, and issued preliminary notes, asking for further information and suggesting possible economies. The notes, which we have submitted, embody the information contained in the replies to the preliminary notes and make a few suggestions as to economy. We have also noticed the want of uniformity in the estimates and accounts of the Departments in the three Presidencies, which interposes a serious hindrance to any comparison of the expenditure of one Presidency with that of another. This has, however, been already to some extent remedied by orders recently issued by the Government of India.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

In the Clothing Department, besides some minor suggestions as to office establishment and certain fees, our main recommendation is, that the Bombay Clothing Agency be transferred to Madras, where the work can be done as efficiently and much more cheaply,

BARRACK DEPARTMENT.

Our suggestions as regards the Barrack Department touch on a large number of petty details, and our main recommendation is that the contract system be applied to a great deal of the local expenditure, which a central authority cannot well control. We also suggested that the duty of supplying barrack furniture should, in Bengal and Bombay, be transferred from Military Works or Public Works Department to the Commissariat Department.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Our proposals in the Ordnance Department are that the class of Park Sergeants should be done away with at stations or forts where a battery is located that the Camp Equipage Depot, Madras, should be replaced by jail labour; that the contract system should be applied to the supply of line-gear; and that; the system of account-keeping at factories should be improved and simplified. With some hesitation we decided that we could not recommend the abolition of the Gunpowder Factory at Madras.

INDIAN TROOP TRANSPORT SERVICE.

We have given a history of the Indian Troop Transport Seavice and of its cost, and have shown that if the five troopships are done away with, and a suitable contract made with private Companies, there is a prospect of effecting an economy which will be somewhere between £92,000 and £136,000. Supposing the troopships to be retained, we have suggested that they should be more under the control of the authorities in India and more utilised for local requirements.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Our recommendations for economical reform in the Marine Department are large, and have been made with the assistance and consent of the Director of Indian Marine. We propose a large reduction in the expenditure on account-keeping and the transfer of the Examiner to Bombay; some saving in the Marine Survey; the abolition of some small coal depots; the reduction of some posts in the two Dockyards and in the Police guard employed in Kidderpore; the abolition and sale of some River Steamers and the three Harbour Hulks; the reduction of some of the vessels employed in the Persian Gulf and in the Bay of Bengal; and the abolition of the special allowance granted to the admiral.

LAW OFFICERS OF GOVERNMENT.

We think the salary of the Advocate-General should be reduced at all the three Presidency Towns, and that the post of Standing Counsel at Calcutta should be abolished, his duties being shared, as elsewhere, between the Advocate-General and the Solicitor to Government.

With regard to the Administrator-General our views are that the post should be treated more directly as a Government office, that it should be tenable for a term of years, and that it should be amalgamated with those of Official Trustee, Official Receiver, and Official Assignee, thus forming one Central Bureau for the management of estates which, from different causes, are in the hands of the officers of Government.

LAW REPORTS.

As regards the Indian Law Reports we have suggested a reduction of the salaries of the Law Reporters at Calcutta to the scale in force at Bombay, the abolition of the system of sale through agents who receive a high commission; and an increase in the price at which the Law Reports are sold to the public. A special officer should be employed to look more closely into the details, and to make recommendations as to any possible economies.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

In this note we have taken up a point which had escaped notice, when the Finance Committee were drawing up their note on Ecclesiastical Expenditure, *viz.*, the fees received by Diocesan Registrars; and we have proposed to recast the salaries and establishments of those officers, and to allow them to retain only a share of the fees (25 per cent.) received for copies, licenses, &c.

MEDICAL ALLOWANCES.

We have gone through the list of allowances granted to Civil Medical Officers in various capacities, and have made several suggestions for their reduction.

ESTIMATED SAVINGS.

The following list shows the amount of the savings so far as they can be estimated :—

CHAPTER I.—MILITARY.

Sec, B. Military Accounts	4,00,000
Sec. C. Payment of Military Pensioners (para. 54)	2,00,000
Sec. D. Madras Pensioners—Compensation for dearness of food (para. 3) about	2,00,000
Sec. E. F. G. Commissariat Department, small savings	Not estd.
Sec. H. Remount Department (para. 7)— Staff salaries	5,000
Amalgamation with Horse-Breeding Establishment (para 29)	Not estd.
Sec. I. Army Clothing Department (para 46).	55,000
Sec. J. Barrack Department	Not estd.
Sec. K. Judge Advocate-General's Department (para. 24)— Salaries of officers	1,50,000
Establishment, &c.	13,000
Sec. L. Military Medical	25,000
Sec. M. Ordnance Department	Not estd.
Sec, N. Army Schools (para. 47)	37,500
Sec. O. Sea Transport of Troops about	21 00,000
Sec, P, Marine Department (para. 45)	5,26,900

CHAPTER II.—LAW AND JUSTICE.

Sec. A. Allahabad High Court. Slight saving in copyists and translators	Not estd.
Sec. D. Law officers of Government (para. 45).	31,500
Sec. E. Administrator-General. Formation of amalgamated office	Not estd.
Sec. F. Law Reports (para. 14)	16,500
CHAPTER III.—POLITICAL.	
Sec. A. Haidarabad (para. 26)	11,000
Sec. B. Mysore (para. 14)	25,000
Sec. C. Coorg— (para. 60)	43,700
(para. 62, amalgamation with Madras) say	25,000
Sec. D. Ajmere	Not estd.
Sec. E. Rajputana Agency— Miscellaneous (paras. 5, 7, 12, 13)	26,000
Amalgamation of Central India and Rajputana Public Works Circles (paras. 32, 39 and 46)	23,000
Transfer to Native States of certain P. W. charges in Rajputana and Central India Agencies (paras. 40-45)	3,00,000
Sec. F. Central India Agency, Indore (para. 49)	35,000
Sec. G. Bhopal (para. 15)	Not estd.
Sec. I. Turkish Arabia	Not estd.
Sec. J. Beluchistan (para. 52)	750
CHAPTER IV.—MISCELLANEOUS.	
Sec. B. Press Commissioner (para. 12)	6,200
„ Allowances of Diocesan Registrars	9,500
Sec. E. Allowances of Civil Medical Officers (paras. 10, 15, 18)	23,000
(paras. 9, 11, 10)	Not estd.
Sec. G. Examications in Oriental Languages—Examination in Oriental Languages (para 34)	42,000
Translation work for Legislative Department (paras. 17 and 36)	3,750
Sec. I. Naini Tal Hill Allowances (para. 22).	23,500
Sec. J. Compensation for dearness of grain	Not estd.
Total...	R22,55,900 and £100,000

CIVIL AND MILITARY TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES AND LOCAL ALLOWANCES.

The Finance Committee's Note on the revision of the Civil Travelling Allowance Code will be found in Chapter XII, Volume II. of their Report. It lays down some generel principles, but in many instances the application of those principles to individual cases entails a great deal of local knowledge and consultation; the correspondence on the subject is not yet complete, as the Bombay Government, which is more interested in the proposed new rules than the Government of any other Province, has not yet replied to our enquiries. We recommend that when the information is complete the Revision of the Code should be entrusted to an experienced officer of the Finance Department, who should be guided by the spirit of the Finance Committee's recommendations. The Military Travelling Allowance Rules should be taken up at the same time; they have not yet been dealt with by us. Lists of Local Allowances were drawn up and sent us from the Finance Department, and we issued enquiries regarding those which seemed to us doubtful; when the replies are complete it will be easy for the same officer to compile and submit them for orders on the basis of the views regarding several cases expressed by the Committee which will be found in the files.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

We have made some enquiries and drawn up some preparatory Notes on the subject of the officering of Financial Department, but have not been able to complete our enquiries or to frame any satisfactory conclusions. Our general impression is that the number of enrolled officers is somewhat larger, and the scale of salaries considerably higher, than they need be, and that the mode of recruitment is not satisfactory. But the question is one which, we believe, may safely be left to the Finance Department to deal with.

INCREMENTAL SALARIES.

The Finance Committee expressed their views on the inadvisability of fixing salaries on the Incremental system, except where the officer so paid is the head of a Branch or Department, and it is desirable to retain his experience in that office without causing him to suffer by loss of promotion. This Note was circulated, and the replies of several Governments, but not of all, have been received. The file will be made over for disposal in the Finance Department.

SECRETARIAT ESTABLISHMENTS.

A quantity of statistical information has been collected and tabulated regarding the strength and cost of the different Secretariats, but we are still waiting for similar figures regarding the Boards and Commissioners' offices. Our tables as far as completed show the proportion which exists between the number of letters disposed of and the number and cost of the clerks who dispose of them; but this information will require to be followed up by local enquiries, and without proposing to cut everything down to one absolute level, we intended to suggest that the works should be made over to some capable junior officer experienced in Secretariat work. We believe that much may be done to secure greater uniformity both in the salaries of clerks and in the work done by them.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

Our Note on the Forest Department has remained unwritten partly for want of time and partly because we had not much to say. We intended to propose that the expense of the Forest School at Dehra should be much cut down, and the course confined mainly to theoretic instruction, leaving the students (who are already for the most part in Government service) to obtain their practical training in their own provinces under their own Conservators. We also were of opinion that no case had been made out for the retention of the Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Forests, and that even if we were retained there was no justification for the allowance granted him to compensate him for passing the hot weather at Simla. The file with our Notes will be transferred to the Finance Department.

SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

The Survey Department is a large and complicated one, and we did not feel that we had the time for making a detailed enquiry into its working. I satisfied myself that Sir E. Buck had done a great deal to reduce its expenditure and that the lines on which the Revenue and Agricultural department had been moving were precisely the lines which I should have recommended them to follow, having come to this opinion, after a careful study of the documents shewn to me, I did not think it would be a fruitful employment of time for myself or my colleagues to carry our enquiries further into details.

DECENTRALISATION OF MILITARY FINANCE.

The great subject of the decentralisation of Military Finance was taken up by the Finance Committee at Simla, and letters have been received, most of which show an agreement with the principle advocated, but contain little or no detailed information as to how the principle is to be applied. We feel that the question is too large to be properly dealt with by a body constituted as we are, but at the same time we are strongly impressed with the conviction that some step in that direction ought to be taken, and that it must be possible to induce high military officers to co-operate with the Supreme Government in the object of combining efficiency with economy, if the principle of partial financial independence and of enlightened self-interest, which has done so much to reform the expenditure of Provincial Governments can be brought into play. In our Notes on the Barrack Ordnance, Medical, and Commissariat Departments we have put forward instances in which this principle can, in our opinion, be applied; and we submit the file of the correspondence we have received to the Government of India in the hope that the subject may be favourably looked on in the highest quarters, and further progress made in the direction we have indicated.

THE MINTS.

We inspected the Calcutta Mint and have given a good deal of time and thought to this Department, and we drew up a preliminary Note containing our *prima facie* suggestions as to economy, but the illness of the Mint Master at Bombay has prevented our receiving the expected information from that quarter. The work of the two mints being very similar, we expected to find more uniformity in the strength and distribution of the establishments, and our Note was chiefly devoted to bringing out and enquiring into discrepancies of this sort. But we were also struck with the irregularity of active workingin the mints for a large number of days they are not engaged in coining at all, and on an average of several years we found that they were only fully occupied for about one day in three. One object of our enquiries was to see whether it was not possible by better arrangement to secure a more regular system of working and a more economical distribution of the establishment.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs beetles, insects, jack-rabbits, sparrows, gophers. A chemists and druggists.

"BUCHU-PAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, for all annoying Kidney Diseases. At chemists and druggists.—Cooper, Madon & Co. (Limited), Sole Agents, Bombay.

ADMIRAL HEWETT.

THE *Daily Telegraph* writes :—England has always been fortunate in her naval commanders, and, among them, few ever deserved commemoration better than Vice-Admiral Sir William Hewett, V. C.

"There is a tear," wrote Lord Byron, in honour of Captain Sir Peter Parker, R.N., "for all that die, A mourner o'er the humblest grave; But nations swell the funeral cry, And Triumph weeps above the brave." It was not Sir William Hewett's good fortune—for such he would have deemed it—to fall, like his predecessor Sir Peter Parker, in battle against the enemies of his country, but few sailors of his age had seen more service by sea and by land, and none has left behind him a nobler record for duty loyally done and danger cheerily and unflinchingly faced. Born at Brighton in 1834, Sir William Hewett entered the Navy in 1847, and became sub-lieutenant in 1853—just in time to participate in the Crimean War, which burst out in 1854.

How he bore himself in that crucial struggle—the last great war in which England took part—will best be ascertained by referring to Mr. Kinglake's graphic pages, and to Dr. William Howard Russell's unmasking letters. Suffice it to say that no story has more often, or with juster pride, been repeated by Sir Prescott Hewett, the famous surgeon, who was uncle to the distinguished sailor who has just passed away, than that which follows. "Billy Hewett"—the name by which he was universally known among his friends and contemporaries—was lying, in 1854, before Sebastopol Harbour in temporary command of a little gunboat. One evening he was summoned on board the Agamemnon, the flagship of Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons, who commanded the British fleet. Putting his hand kindly on the boy's shoulder—for, although twenty years old, his chubby face, small stature, and good-humoured smile gave him the appearance of a boy—Sir Edmund Lyons told him that it would be necessary for him to range his gunboat next morning in front of the forts which defended the mouth of Sebastopol Harbour, and to draw their fire. It was a service involving the almost certain destruction of the tiny vessel and of every one on board, of which no one was more cognisant than Sir Edmund himself, as was implied by his earnest tones and almost affectionate manner. The cheery voice with which "Aye, aye, sir," rung out from the gallant young Lieutenant when asked whether he understood the Admiral's order so impressed the latter that, on returning to England, he repeated the story to Sir Prescott Hewett, who is little likely to forget it at this sad moment. Fortunately the order was countermanded next morning, or we should not now be recording Sir William Hewett's demise on Sunday last. Other opportunities were afforded him in the Crimea of displaying his conspicuous gallantry, and Colonel the Honourable Augustus Anson, who followed Sir William Peel and preceded Sir William Hewett in his passage to the tomb, used to speak of these two famous sailors—both of them distinguished members of the Naval Brigade—as the bravest of the brave. According to Colonel Anson, danger served but to increase Sir William Peel's courtesy, and to raise Sir William Hewett's always buoyant spirits; and of both it might have been said, in the words applied by Lord Macaulay to William III., that "none could ever discern what that thing was that either of them feared."

After the close of the Crimean War, in which he gained his Victoria Cross, not so much by any isolated act of valour as by daily and nightly gallantry, Captain Hewett saw service of many kinds all over the world. Before reciting his adventures during the last eighteen or twenty years, it is but right that one of his experiences—that which he gained as a blockade-runner during the American Civil War—should not be unnoticed here. Professor James Russell Soley, of the United States Navy, tells us in his interesting little book, "The Blockade and the Cruisers," published in 1883, that in 1861 and 1862 "officers of rank in the Royal Navy, on leave of absence, offered their services, under assumed names and for large compensation, to the owners of vessels engaged in the contraband trade, and met with conspicuous success in their enterprise. Doubtless their number was small, but the incognito which they assumed has been respected, and neither their names nor their number have been generally made known." At this distance of time there can be no impropriety in stating that four naval officers in her Majesty's service embarked in the blockade-running business, and that their names were Captain the Honourable Augustus Hobart, Captain Burgoyne, Captain Hewett, and Captain Murray Aynsley, of whom the last is now the sole survivor. The recent death of Captains Hobart and Hewett are, of course, fresh in every memory; but the casualty which, in 1870, overtook her Majesty's ironclad turret-ship The Captain when she sank off the coast of Portugal and carried Captain, Hugh Burgoyne, her commander, Captain Cowper Coles—her designer, and a crew of four hundered and sixty-seven persons to the bottom, is now remembered by few except the widows, orphans, and relatives of the men who perished on that ill-starred day. Reverting, however, to the American war, and to the part in it, as captain of blockade-running vessels, borne by the four gallant sailors whose names we have just recapitulated, there are many Englishmen now living who regret that the British Admiralty of that day permitted any officers in the Navy List to engage in that questionable but lucrative pursuit. Professor Soley does not mention that Captain Hewett and his brother officers resigned their commissions before they entered the blockade-running service; but the wound implanted in American breasts by the knowledge that four captains in the Royal Navy were in command of some of those long, low, side-wheel lead-coloured steamers, from four to six hundred tons in burden, which penetrated the blockade with their lights out, their binnacles and fire room hatches carefully covered, and with steam blown off under water, was never healed until the Treaty of Washingron had been signed in 1871, and the Albama damages paid off in 1872. In that dangerous service Captains Hewett, Hobart, Burgoyne and Murray Aynsley bore themselves like men, and doubtless acquired not a little valuable experience. Even without their assistance and encouragement, the vessels which ministered surreptitiously to the wants of the Confederates would, however, have found plenty of daring captains to guide them into port. One enterprising Yorkshireman—Captain Steele—who belonged to England's mercantile marine, ran into and out of Charleston and Wilmington more frequently than the four officers of the Royal Navy combined, and was never caught and never wounded from first to last.

During the Ashantee War, in 1873 and 1874, Sir William Hewett, who from the days of the Crimea had been one of Lord Wolseley's most intimate friends, commanded the fleet on the West Coast of Africa, and was present at the battle of Amoaful and the capture of Coomassie. In April, 1882, he was appointed Commander-in-Chief on the East India Station, and served temporarily in the Red Sea during the Egyptian War. In 1884 he was appointed Governor at Suakin, with plenary powers, civil and military, and on the last day of February in that year he witnessed the battle of El Teb, and was subsequently charged with a mission to King John of Abyssinia, whom he induced to advance to the relief of the garrison at Kassala—a service which he performed with admirable tact and efficiency, receiving the thanks of Parliament for his success and for the support afforded by him to the land forces employed in the Soudan. At last in his appointment to the command of the Channel Squadron, came the crowning honour of his active and distinguished life. No more popular representative of the British Admiralty ever hoisted his flag on broad a man of war, and to none could the honour of his country have been confided with greater confidence. Behind a temper which was described by his old friend, Admiral Henry Glyn, as being "as hot as mustard," Sir William Hewett concealed as warm and kind a heart as ever beat. That heart spoke, indeed in his open, frank, and genial countenance, and no friend with a just claim upon its possessor ever appealed to him in vain for sympathy and assistance. In the event of maritime war in which England found herself confronted by a formidable antagonist, Sir William Hewett, like Hobart Pasha and "Billy Burgoyne," his old blockade-running associates, of like Sir Henry Keppel, Sir Geoffrey Hornby, Admiral Murray Aynsley. Sir J. E. Commerell, Lord Charles Beresford, and many others of his surviving friends, would have shown that the traditions of Benbow, Howe, Collingwood, and Nelson are still alive in the Royal Navy. Those who stood by his side when the air was thick with shot and shell, and danger in many forms and shapes surrounded him on all quarters, have testified to the gaiety of his spirits and the serenity of his composure. With the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh Sir William Hewett was a special favourite, and Mr. Goschen, as First Lord of the Admiralty, admitted him to no small share of his confidence and esteem. Totally without jealousy of any brother officer, whether naval or military, with whom he was called on to act, "Billy Hewett" leaves behind him the well-deserved reputation of having been one of the best fellows and bravest men in either service.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s.s. Flambro, 1,449 tons, Captain T T Grinold, cleared yesterday for St Nazaire, laden with a general cargo.

THE s.s. Algoma, 1,892 tons, Captain J C Murray, cleared outward yesterday for Havre, laden with a general cargo.

THE B I S N steamer Coconada, Captain J Anderson, sailed yesterday for Marmagoa and the Coast ports, laden with a general cargo and sixty-two deck passengers.

THE Austro-Hungarian steamer Berenice, 1,707 tons, Captain E Perim, will sail to-day for Trieste, laden with a general cargo and Messrs A E Harris and H F Silcock, as passengers, for Trieste; and Mrs Grieff, for Odessa.

THE B I S N steamer Satara, Captain J C Tice, which arrived in Bombay on Tuesday, had the following passengers on board and a general cargo :—Nawab Mirza Mahomed Mohsim, two ladies and five children, Sahib Mahomed Alli, and four friends, Shaik D. Cassumbhai, from Busreh; Miss Hunt and Mr Leckraji, from Karachi; and about 104 deck from various ports.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—JUNE 6.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Chelydra	1574	Peace	A	Beyts, Craig & Co.
„ Victoria	2207	W. Russell	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Kaisar-i-Hind	2406	J. Hazelwood	C	P. & O. Co.
„ Star of Victoria	2116	Smith	D	F. Muir & Co.
„ Sahara	1188	Goldsworthy	E	F. Muir & Co
„ Sorrento	1775	Ouston	F	F. Muir & Co.
„ C. Sinclair	1911	Kewley	G	F. Muir & Co.
„ Eastbourne	1509	Watson	H J	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Kangra	1466	H. M. Ingram	K	B. I. S. N. Co.
„ Eden Hall	2333	Millard	M	E. Bates & Co.
„ Yesso	1351	T. Trotter	N	F. Muir & Co.
„ Flambro	1449	Grinauld	O	Bombay Co.
„ Berenice	1707	E. Perini	Q	O. Van Haffer & Co.
„ Bedouin	1277	Robson	Ibis	The Bo. Co., Ld.
„ Amphitrite	1502	Brackebury	..	Captain,

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Warora	2553	Mackerness	1	M. Mackenzie & Co.
„ L. Tower	1892	Purse	2	Beyts, Craig & Co.
„ Crathorne	1810	McCulloch	3	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Algoma	1892	Murray	4	Cursetjee Eduljee.
„ Lombardy	1571	Preston	5	P. & O. Co.
„ California	2214	Green	6	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ C. Tower	1927	Hamley	7	Captain.
„ Kt. Companion	1469	Davies	8	Captain.
Ship Kt. Companion	1489	Davies	9	K. Nixon & Co.
„ CedarBranch	1645	Ritson	10	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Scawfell	1439	Stanhope	11	F. Muir & Co.
„ P. Hendrick	2041	Collin	12	V. Ebram.
„ Oxford	1892	Jones	13	

DEPARTURES.

June.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
6	Coconada (s)	Anderson	Marmagoa.
	Algoma (s)	Murray	Havre.
7	Berenice	Perim	Trieste, &c.
	Flambro (s)	Grinold	St. Nazaire.

The following vessels were entered for outward ports &c. yesterday :—

Steamer Oxford, for Antwerp.
„ Dragoman, for Genoa and Cagliari.
„ Satara, for Karachi and the Persian Gulf.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 6.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Sinclair s—112 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co; 100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 100 bales cotton, D Sassoon and Co; 200 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 400 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 300 bales cotton, Thos. H Moore and Co.

California s—20 bales wool, Punnet and Co; 51 bales wool, R Amarchand; 100 bales wool, K Khooshall.

Eden Hall s—1,350 cwts linseed cake, Glade and Co; 13,500 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 400 bales cotton, Punnett and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—220 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 110 bales cotton, A Blaschcek and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, Owen and Okell; 10 bales hides, and skins, M Joomabhai.

Victoria s—8,400 cwts wheat, 17,000 cwts rapeseed, and 220 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 25 bales hides, S Durvesh.

Chelydra s—16 bales hides and skins, P Damji; 48 bales hides, O H Hassam; 260 cwts buffalo horns, N Essa; 100 cwts gum and 73 cwts alibanum, &c., N Lallji; 112 cwts gum, K Ludha; 69 bales hemp, P Ookerda; 8 bales hides, B Esmail; 300 bales hides and skins, Owen and Okell.

FOR ANTWERP.

Yesso—2,200 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Kt Companion s—220 bales cotton, and 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 300 baales cotton, A Blaschcek and Co; 499 cwts mustardseed, and 300 cwts myrabolums, Volkart Bros; 7,000 cwts wheat, D Sassoon and Co.

Kangra s—5,599 cwts poppy seed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Oxford s—10,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co; 12,000 cwts wheat, D Sala; 6,998 cwts rapeseed, 375 cwts poppyseed, Volkart Bros; 18,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Crathorne s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Lilburn Tower s—4,000 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

Charters Tower s—4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Eden Hall s—1,827 cwts copra, R Caderbhai; 13,600 cwts wheat, 3,762 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts groundnuts, 3,000 cwts castorseed, and 1,998 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

Chelydra s—2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Dragoman s—8,000 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Eastbourne s—172 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 5,000 cwts wheat, S. Dharamsi; 110 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co; 55 bales cotton, Thos. H. Moore and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Eastbourne s—200 bales cotton, F. Masotty and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Flambro s—7,413 cwts rapeseed, The Bo. Co. Ld.

FOR ST. NAZAIRE.

Bedouin s—7,500 cwts rapeseed, The Bo. Co. Ld.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Lombardy s—10 bales twist, D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lombardy s—100 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Lombardy s—19 chests opium, T. Topen; 24 bales twist, D. Sassoon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JUNE 5.

Marrett, Lieut, 2nd Cavalry, H C, on sick leave, from Aurangabad.

Moss, Lieut and Adjt, Gloster Regt, off leave, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—JUNE 5.

Walker, Lieut, 12th Bombay Infantry, on duty, to Ahmedabad.

JUNE 6.

Hazelgrove, Lieut, Bombay, Comt Dept, on duty, to Poona.

Fagan, Lt-Col, Bombay, Comt Dept, on duty, to Deolali.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDER

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 7th June, 1888.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

The following order is notified :—

1. Members of the above Corps are requested to return with the least possible delay any articles of kit they may have in their possession belonging to the Corps, *viz.*,—Bridles, bits, carbine, buckets, bandoliers, and sword belts.

By order,
(Sd.) G. DE SAONE,
Lieutenant & Acting Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India.*)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

WITH reference to the Notification in this Dept No. 5, dated the 24th Mar last, the Govr-Genl in Council has been pleased to grant to Mr K M Chatterjee, a Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Calcutta, an extension of leave for 1 year from 22nd Apl 1888, or until further orders.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Colonel W C S Clarke, BSC, Depy Commr of the 1st Grade, in Assam, are replaced at the disposal of the Mily Dept from 23rd May 1888.

Lieut-Col H J Peet, BSC, Depy Commr, 3rd Grade, on furlough, is appointed to be Depy Commr, 1st Grade, in Assam, from 23rd May 1888, the date on which the services of Col W C S Clarke, BSC, were, in Notification No. 216, dated 28th idem, replaced at the disposal of the Mily Dept.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr C F Rossitar, Sub-Asst Consvr of Forest, in the Punjab, is appointed to officiate, until further orders, as an Asst Consv of the 3rdGrade, from 1st April 1888.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr Louis Andrews as Acting Consul for Siam at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr S G Jones.

With the sanction of Her M's Govt, the Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr E W Dinkgreve as Consul for the Netherlands at Rangoon.

Surg J Crofts, MD, Medical Officer of the Kotah and Jhalrapatan Agencies, is granted furlough for 18 months, under Sec 50, chapter V of the Civil Leave Code, from 20th May 1888, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the furlough.

Lieut L Impey, Wing Officer, 23rd Regt Ben Infy, is appointed to officiate as a Poll Asst of the 3rd Class, and is posted as Asst to the Govr-Genl's Agent in Rajputana, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Capt C J B H Dressner, Boundary Settlement Officer in Bundelkhand, is appointed to officiate as Cantt Magis at Nowgong, from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on privilege leave of Lieut Col R G E Dalrymple, or until further orders.

The following promotion is made in the Berar Commission, from 23rd Apl 1888, and during the absence on furlough of Capt W Hastings, Special Asst Commr, or until further orders :—

Mr C A W Davies, Asst Commr of the 2nd Class and Offig Asst Commr of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Special Asst Commr.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr George Gordon as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway at Aden, during the absence of Mr H W Vidal.

The Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr George Gordon as Acting Consul for Belgium at Aden, during the absence of Mr H W Vidal.

Mr R Leycester Upton, Solicitor to the Govt of India, is appointed Agent to the Govr-Genl in Council for the affairs of the late King of Oudh and for the purposes of Act XIX of 1887, from afternoon of the 15th May 1888.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Appointments—Commissariat Department—Capt H R Marrett, BSC, Asst Commr-Genl, 4th class, seconded, to be Asst Commy-Genl, 3rd class, seconded, from 16th Mar 1888, *vice* Maj G H Elliott, BSC, Asst Commy-Genl, 3rd class, reverted to regimental duty.

Medical Department—Surg-Maj E R Johnson, Offig Secy to the Surg-Genl, H M's Forces, Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment from 14th May 1888, *vice* Brigade-Surg J E T Aitchison, MD, CIE, retired.

QUARTER-MASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Intelligence Branch—Capt A H Mason, RE, to officiate as Depy-Asst Qrmr-Genl, *vice* Maj F H R Drummond, BSC, vacated. Dated 1st Apl 1888.

Capt A H Mason, RE, to officiate as Depy-Asst Qrmr-Genl, vice Capt E W Dun,-BSC, on furlough. Dated 1st May 1888.

Staff Corps—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the BSC, from the date specified, subject to the confirmation of the Secy of State for India :—

Lieut Arthur Blanchard Hawley Drew, Northamptonshire Regt, Wing Officer, 29th Benl Infy,—28th May 1887.

Lieut Hugh Charles Claude Ducat, Oxfordshire Light Infy, Wing Officer, 38th Benl Infy—28th May 1887.

Lieut Francis Gordon Cardew, Oxfordshire Light Infy, Offig Sqdn Officer, 10th Benl Lancers, having completed 18 months' probationary service is admitted to the BSC, from the 18th November, subject to the confirmation of the Secy of State for India.

Furlough and Leave—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

Lieut-Col T C Manderson, R E, Supdg Engr, 2nd class, temporary 1st class, Mily W Dept, (p a) for 1 year and 182 days, under rule IX. of the Regulations of 1868.

Maj D E Gouldsbury, BSC, Cant Magis, 2nd class, Punjab, (pa) for 1 year and 126 days, under rule IX. of the Regulations of 1868. This cancels the furlough granted to him in G G O No 158 of 1888.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave out of India under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, from the dates on which they are respectively struck off duty :—

Lieut-Col A Oldham, Genl List, Infy, 12th Bengal Infantry, (m c) for 1 year. Pension service, 27th year, commenced 3rd Sept 1887.

Surg-Maj A McM Paterson, 31st Benl Infy, (p a) for 1 year. Pension service,—22nd year, commenced 16th Dec 1887.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Secy of State for India :—

Col C Martin, C B, Cavy, (p a) for 6 months.
Lieut R R Swinton, BSC, (m c) for 6 months.

Col R H Inglis, Infy, is permitted to reside out of India, under para 7 of G G O No 209 of 1882, from 10th June 1888, or any subsequent date.

Promotions—The following promotions is made, subject to H M's approval.

Medical Department—To be Brigade Surgeon—Surg-Maj J G Pilcher, from 14th May 1888, vice Brigade-Surg J E T Aitchison, MD, CIE, retired.

Volunteer Corps Appointments—2nd Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifle Corps—Lieut Bolivar Edwin French, from the Retired List, Volunteer Forces, to be Lieut *vice* Chields, promoted. Dated 25th Nov 1887.

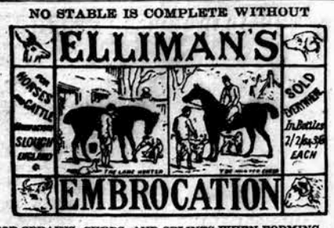
G G O No 344 of 1886 is cancelled.

Administrative Battalions, North Western Provinces Volunteers—The Hon'ble Sir Auckland Colvin, KCMG, CIE, Lieut-Govr of the N W P and Chief Commr of Oudh, to be Honry Col, vice Sir Alfred Comyns Lyall, KCB, CIE.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps—Mr Robert Charles Wilson to be

NOTICES.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT



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FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
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Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

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Master of Colonel Pryse's Hounds.

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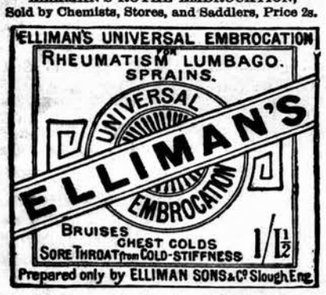

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FOR JUNE 1888

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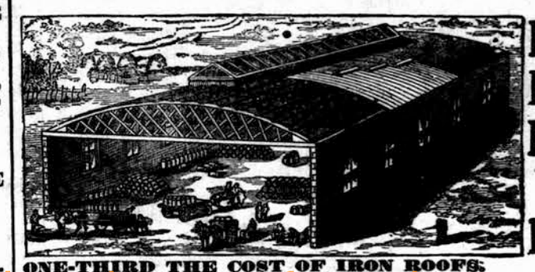

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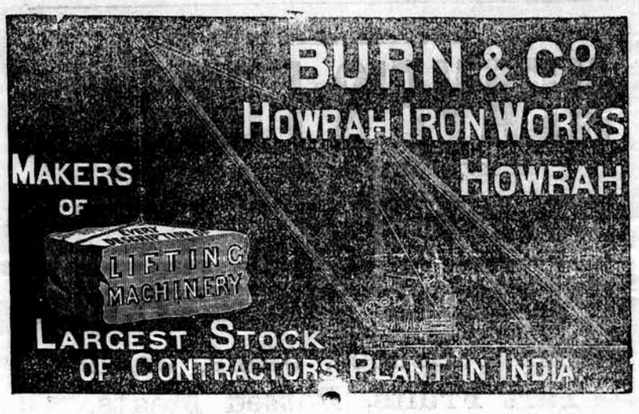

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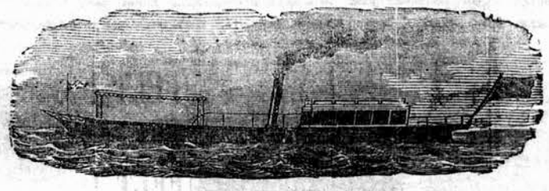

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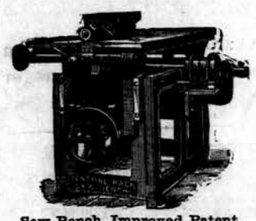

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